

FRENCH ENTERING VALENCIENNES Foch Drives Forward, Irrespective of Hun Peace Suggestions

GOVERNOR ASKS EVERY CITIZEN TO WEAR GAUZE MASK

Stephens Warns Public of Duty to Join in Preventing Spread of Spanish Influenza

SACRAMENTO, Cal., Oct. 22.—Governor William D. Stephens in a statement issued tonight urged every resident in California to co-operate with state, county and city officials in combating the spread of the epidemic of Spanish influenza, particularly by wearing gauze masks. His statement said:

- As an aid in winning the war it is a patriotic duty for every American citizen to assist in preserving the health of himself and his fellow citizens.
 - The health of our people and of our nation is essential and vital to the end that we may have men and money to give to preserve the principles to which our nation stands committed.
 - An unfortunate epidemic has attacked the health of the people of this and other states. It will not be disastrous. It will be overcome. It must not be ignored. It must be fought.
 - Strict observance of the rules prescribed by our health authorities is essential to the speedy eradication of the influenza.
 - Unless the people of this state support our authorities in their efforts to suppress this epidemic, they are not doing their full duty, either as citizens or as loyal Americans.
 - Our health authorities advise it is imperative that all persons wear a gauze mask over the nose and mouth, thus preventing the spread of this disease.
 - Compliance with this temporary edict means but little discomfort and means a service rendered to our fellow-men and to our country. It is most essential to the health of the nation.
 - As a duty which each citizen can easily perform to our country, our state, I therefore earnestly request that this precaution and protection be followed immediately.
- (Signed) WILLIAM D. STEPHENS, Governor.

Slight Improvement

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—A slight improvement in the influenza situation over the country was indicated by reports received today by the public health service, but in many places the epidemic apparently has yet to reach its crest. In the west and on the Pacific coast the situation has not proved nearly as serious as it did in the east and south. Continued abatement of the epidemic in army camps was reported today to the office of the surgeon-general of the army. New cases during the twenty-four hours ending at noon today, totaled 2,773 against 3,007 the day before, while deaths decreased from 404 to 392. There was a slight increase in the number of pneumonia cases. Twenty medical officers said influenza may now be said to be epidemic in only five camps, the others reporting less than fifty new cases each daily. The total cases since the disease became epidemic number 222,770 with 13,197 deaths.

In the east south, generally conditions among the civilian populations are rapidly improving, according to reports to the public health service. In the middle west and in the states bordering the Mississippi and Missouri rivers abatement of the disease also has been noted, although many new cases still are being reported daily. In California 25,000 cases had been reported up to yesterday and Washington also reported new cases and some deaths.

New Cases, 4642

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 22.—Progress of the epidemic of Spanish influenza is to be judged by the number of new cases reported, not by the number of deaths, according to Dr. W. C. Billings, who stated tonight that the number of influenza cases throughout the state to date is 33,575. He said that the total number of new cases reported throughout the state was 4,642.

Dr. Billings said he did not think it wise to discuss the number of deaths in connection with the number of cases reported, for the number of deaths may be due to the outbreak of the disease.

New cases reported since yesterday and deaths were as follows: Los Angeles, 1,144 cases, 1 death; San Diego, 86 cases, 4 deaths; Sacramento, 108 cases, no deaths; Pasadena, 183 cases, 5 deaths; Oakland, 382 cases, 27 deaths; Los Angeles, 509 cases, 64 deaths; San Francisco, 212 cases, one death; Alameda, 22 cases, 3 deaths; Berkeley, 2 cases, 2 deaths; Camp Fremont, 5 cases, 5 deaths; Camp Kearny, 1 case, two deaths; Eureka, 125 cases, two deaths; San Leandro, 100 cases, 1 death; Stockton, 290 cases, 4 deaths.

U. S. Takes Control

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 22.—The United States health department to-

HOME GUARDS TO PAY LAST HONORS TO SERG. ROYER



SERGEANT ROYER.

Firing taps over the grave of Sergeant Theodore E. Royer, the Home Guards, under command of Major Jones, will pay full military honors to the young soldier, who succumbed to an attack of influenza at Camp Johnson, Fla., last week. The cortege will leave Lisle Bros. chapel at 10 o'clock today and proceed to the new Liberty cemetery, where the body will be interred. It will be escorted by the guards from the entrance of the cemetery to the grave. The body arrived in Fresno under military escort yesterday.

Sergeant Royer was the son of Mr. and Mrs. D. E. Royer, of Aubrey, where he had spent most of his life. He was 23 years old.

Other surviving relatives are David J. in Virginia; Clinton S. in government service at Stockton; Lee A. and Corporal Charles E. Camp Lewis; Corporal John A. in France; William, Donald and Paul, all sergeants, and a sister, Mrs. W. H. Smith, of Corcoran.

ALL THE AMERICAN DEAD TO BE TAKEN HOME AFTER WAR

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY NORTHWEST VERDUN, Oct. 22.—(By The Associated Press.)—All the American dead in France will be taken home after the war, according to orders received by the army chaplains. The grave registration bureau has been working with this in view, but nothing definite regarding the future disposition of the dead was known here until instructions came to the chaplains from Washington.

KERN COUNTY MAN IS ASST. ADVOCATE AT CAMP LEWIS

CAMP LEWIS, Tacoma, Wash., Oct. 22.—Capt. H. H. Harbison today was appointed assistant camp judge-advocate. He recently was promoted from a first lieutenant. Until the war he was assistant district attorney for Kern county, California.

OTTO KINTZI OF REEDLEY DIES IN SERVICE, FRANCE

(Special to the Republic.) REEDLEY, Sept. 22.—Mr. and Mrs. H. Kintzi, living west of Reedley, have received official notice from the government authorities that their son, Otto Kintzi, had died of wounds in August. He was in the service with the 161st Ambulance Corps in France at the time of receiving the wound which resulted in his death. He was a member of the First Mennonite church of Reedley and had been in the service more than a year.

This is the first gold star to be placed in the Reedley service flag, which now contains more than 250 stars, with more than half of the boys somewhere "over there." Kintzi had given his life for us all, and there is sorrow in the hearts of the community, and with it sympathy for the parents and brothers and sisters.

ROME, Oct. 22.—Barron Von Dorn, chief of the German political department at Brussels, has informed Cardinal Mercier, primate of Belgium, that when the Germans evacuate that country the deported Belgians and political prisoners will be spontaneously released, according to the Observateur Romano, the semi-official Vatican organ. He told Cardinal Mercier, it is said, that a part of the Belgians who were deported would be free to return to their country on Monday.

LENINE UNABLE TO CONTROL HIS OWN TOOLS

Red Terror in Interior Russia Has Passed Out Of All Bounds

WINTER BEGINS IN FAR NORTH

STOCKHOLM, Monday, October 21.—(By The Associated Press.)—The clash of authority between the counter-revolutionary commissions of Russia and the central and local soviet organizations has become so serious as to show that it is the predominant menace to the detachment of the proletariat from the Bolsheviks. Information brought here by travelers.

Peters, head of the commission to suppress counter-revolutions, has become more powerful than the national council of commissaries. Even Nikolai Lenin, the Bolshevik premier, was unable to save men he did not wish executed by the Peters commission.

The Red Terror, spread from Moscow has become a monster, which Lenin and other leaders of the central government could not control.

The counter-revolutionary commissions in the smaller cities are equally merciless, giving arrested persons no chance to prove their innocence. The counter-revolutionary commissions try and execute political suspects without reference to other government organs.

The national commissary of justice is endeavoring to have the counter-revolutionary commission placed under his authority, but they are resisting. The Red Terror is not waged so publicly at Moscow now, the conservative elements evidently realizing the terrible precedent established, and they are endeavoring to dislodge the system.

Suppress Sailors

STOCKHOLM, Monday, Oct. 21.—(By The Associated Press.)—Several thousand sailors stopped the performance of the Minsky theater in Petrograd on October 11 and compelled the orchestra to lead a march to the Smolny Institute in protest against the order of M. Zinovief, head of the Petrograd committee, conspiring all sailors, according to neutrals arriving today.

The Bolsheviks organized a resistance and the sailors were attacked and defeated. Many of them later were executed. Street fighting and riots continued for several days as a result of an attempt to round up the men suspected of promoting the uprising.

The sailors have been disaffected since the summary execution in June, last of Admiral St. Isidore, commander of the Baltic fleet, who saved it from capture by the Germans.

Simultaneously with the outbreak in Petrograd there was trouble in Moscow, but its extent is not known. It is attributed to an uprising of the socialist revolutionaries.

Becoming Effective

ARCHANGEL, Monday, Oct. 21.—(By The Associated Press.)—The reorganization of the government is bringing quick results as regards mobilization of men to fight the Bolsheviks. The classes for the first year, beginning with men born in 1895, have been called to the colors.

GIVES HERSELF UP ON MURDER CHARGE

Mrs. Elsie Wood Had Been in Asylum After Killing Husband

(Special to the Republic.) VISALIA, Oct. 22.—Elsie L. Wood, who shot and killed her young husband, Loren T. Wood, on the streets of Porterville November 14, 1917, one week before the Howe murder trial, today gave herself up to Sheriff Court Smith and is charged with murder. Mrs. Wood was released from the state hospital in Stockton a few days ago, treatment having restored her mind, which seemed to break down immediately after the shooting. She came into the sheriff's office at once upon learning that a warrant had been issued for her arrest.

Mrs. Wood declared at the time of the shooting that her husband had left her and her little girl to the care of her uncle near Visalia, and that when she went to Porterville to ask her husband about money for the care of the girl, he cursed her, calling her a woman of the underworld, and ordering her back to "that black old fool you have been living with." Angered by the abuse, she drew the revolver from her jacket pocket and shot her husband dead.

ROME, Oct. 22.—An appeal was made to Prince Maximilian, the Imperial German ambassador, by the Holy See, asking that the Germans refrain from devastating portions of Belgium through which they are retreating, according to the Observateur Romano, the semi-official Vatican organ. A reply was received October 12 giving assurance that the Belgians and in the region around Mons, Montfaucon and Rancourt.

Four bombs were dropped near the American hospital at the suburb of Rancourt, one of the bombs falling down an outbuilding. The glass ends

BIG GAINS MADE BY FRENCH FORCE NORTH OF LAON

Allies Mark Time in Northern Belgium While Building Up Their Communications

(By The Associated Press.) The fall of Valenciennes to English and American troops as hospital wards were shattered. A Red Cross nurse, Margery Sawyer, of Buffalo, N. Y., was blown from her bed, but was not injured. All the patients were taken to dugouts, none of them being injured. The Red Cross nurse, Isabel Butler, of New Haven, Conn., was in the same building with Miss Sawyer, but was not hurt. Both of them immediately went to the aid of the patients.

When the first bomb fell, the hospital attendants gave their first attention to their charges, leading or carrying them to shelter. Rocks thrown where this bomb struck broke the windows of the eastern end of the building. Ten other bombs were planted in succession in a great semicircle. Throughout most of the night, German planes were heard many times, passing over.

Valenciennes had been in uninterupted French possession from 1871 until the onrush of the Germans early in the present war led them many miles into France. It is now about to be added to the rapidly growing list of towns the redemption of which has brought rejoicing to the French people.

Although the progress of the Allied forces in Belgium and French Flanders has slowed up somewhat in the face of the stiffening of the lines of rearward adding the retreat of the German armies, appreciable gains have been made, some of them of much importance.

Good Flying Weather

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY NORTHWEST OF VERDUN, Oct. 22.—(By The Associated Press.)—The clear weather early this morning permitted active work, and the Americans downed a Hanover biplane at Bayonville, a Rumpler at Buzancy and a balloon in the vicinity of Tally. Aside from the normal harassing artillery fire of the enemy on the front lines and the rear-arc, and similar activity in the part of the Americans, the day passed without incident. There was no infantry action of importance and the line remains as it was last night.

LOOK FOR FOCH TO STRIKE NEW BLOW

Allies Have Shortened Line, While Germans Have Not

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—Now that the Germans have been cleared out of Belgium Flanders and much of northern France, the Allies have been watching the battle front intently, many of them with a distinct feeling that a new storm of attack may be about to break against the enemy. There was nothing tonight to indicate that this expectation was founded upon definite information and it probably grew out of a number of happenings of a minor character in themselves, but possibly important links in a chain of events soon to be disclosed.

Beyond doubt, the German retreat in Belgium has slowed down. However, it is not yet clear whether this is due to the fact that the retreating forces are nearing on the whole northern front the line which frequently has been saved by military critics as the first pausing place to the Meuse or the border, or to the necessities of extending Allied communication lines as the troops advance. It is probable, officers said, that there is necessity for a breathing spell on both sides.

1600 Prisoners

PARIS, Oct. 22.—The official communication dealing with operations in the eastern theater says: "On October 21, French forces reached on the Danube Lom-Palanka (Bulgaria), 23 miles southwest of Vidin, which they occupied, they captured a corps of enemy troops loaded with merchandise and wheat.

"North of Aleksinat, Serbian forces have progressed, notwithstanding very strong resistance by the enemy. Serbian cavalry have reached the region east of Paratch, capturing part of the headquarters of a German division, including the archives and baggage of General von Gallwitz, commander of the division.

"In the region of Ipek and Novipazar detachments of Serbian comitads are fighting, supported by French troops, captured in the course of engagements with Austro-German forces in retreat more than 1600 prisoners and important booty."

Haig's Report

LONDON, Oct. 22.—British troops have entered the western suburbs of Valenciennes. Field Marshal Haig reports from headquarters tonight. The text of the statement reads: "We have entered the western suburbs of Valenciennes and, north of the forest De Raimures towards the angle of the Scheldt at Conde. Progress was made east of St. Amand and we reached the Scheldt at Hollain and Bruyelles, south of Tournai. Both of the places are in our possession.

"Northwest of Tournai we have driven the enemy from the village of Pommerehne and pressed beyond it towards the Scheldt. Further north, sharp fighting has taken place for the crossing of the Scheldt at Pont-a-Chin."

Bombard Hospital

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY NORTHWEST OF VERDUN, Oct. 22.—(By The Associated Press.)—The destruction wrought by American bombing planes within the enemy's lines recently, German aviators last night raided the American front and back areas in the largest force since the American offensive began on the Meuse and in the Argonne. In addition to attacking the infantry, the Germans bombed the region around Clermont, Montfaucon and Rancourt.

Four bombs were dropped near the American hospital at the suburb of Rancourt, one of the bombs falling down an outbuilding. The glass ends

AWAITS VIEW OF SUPREME WAR COUNCIL AT PARIS

Wilson May Be Guided By Military Entirely As To Next Note

GERMANS FEAR GENERAL BREAK

Even More Danger To Nation From Within Than Without

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—The prevailing belief here tonight is that any action President Wilson may take as a result of the new German note will be largely guided by a decision of the supreme war council in Paris.

Shrewd diplomatic observers and some officials take this view, though no intimation of his own attitude has come from the president, because admitted to one question immediately at issue is the military problem—that of the evacuation of invaded territory by the German armies as the only condition upon which plea for an armistice even will be given consideration. The Germans are now evacuating Belgium and Northern France as rapidly as they can move before the sweep of the Allied and American soldiers and still maintain their organization. Since the government at Berlin says they want to get out without further fighting, apparently the issue is one for the Allied war council to determine whether it shall be suggested through President Wilson that General Foch be applied to for terms, or whether without further diplomatic parley the approach of a white flag from the German lines shall be awaited.

Decoding the Note

The official text of the German note reached the Swiss legation here by cable early today, but it was not deciphered at the state department, because the entire day was spent at the legation on the tedious task of decoding the document and preparing an English translation of the German text. The translation was made with the greatest care by Frederick Oederlin, the Swiss charge, because there are obscure words in the German text which may be cleared up by a more accurate rendering of the German. When the charges' work was done, Secretary Lansing had left his office, and an engagement was made for delivery of the note at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning.

This incident in itself was pointed to later as evidence that exchanges between London, Paris and Washington have been proceeding since the arrival of the wireless version, and that the entire day was spent at the legation on the tedious task of decoding the document and preparing an English translation of the German text. The translation was made with the greatest care by Frederick Oederlin, the Swiss charge, because there are obscure words in the German text which may be cleared up by a more accurate rendering of the German. When the charges' work was done, Secretary Lansing had left his office, and an engagement was made for delivery of the note at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning.

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Should There Be Reply?

These in official, diplomatic and congressional circles who do not pretend to have heard anything from the White House on the subject are confidently asserting opinions that the German note is a challenge to the president or that they will not. One group, recalling the president's reply to the request for an armistice and peace negotiations, was characterized by him as a "decision," content that this meant no further discussion of the issue involved and that the president had taken a very general line of official circles, is that a reply is desirable from every standpoint; that it will be forthcoming after full consideration; and that it will deal chiefly with the immediate military problems, leaving aside for the future such questions as the German demand of ruthless destruction and demands as to the renunciation of the self-proclaimed democratic regime at Berlin.

Breaking It to the People

Whatever form any further diplomatic exchanges may take, one official pointed out tonight after all there is not one question, "are the Germans whipped?" If they are whipped and ready to surrender when attempts at bargaining have failed, the surrender will come quickly enough, as quickly as the men who say they have superseded the Kaiser and the war lords in power dare to let the truth sink home upon the German public. Some diplomatic reports support the theory that they are restrained from revealing the real situation abruptly and taking peace at any price only from fear of more than a political solution. Notes approaching gradually a final capitulation serve to give the German public the news in broken doses and at the same time to take every possible chance of finding a loophole in American and Allied harmony with the hope of avoiding ultimately throwing the German nation upon the mercy of the victors.

Only Germany Left

(Continued on Page 3.)

CONGRESS TO FACE BIG NAVY PROGRAM

Navy Department Asks
Appropriation of
\$600,000,000.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—Congress has been asked by the navy department to authorize a second three-year naval building program to provide ten additional superdreadnaughts, six battle cruisers and 140 smaller vessels at a cost of \$600,000,000. This was disclosed tonight by Secretary Daniels, after his appearance before the house naval committee to explain the appropriation.

This authorization is asked for the next fiscal year and is in addition to the first three-year building program authorized in 1916, and the great number of new destroyers and other special types contracted for since the United States entered the war. Work on the first three-year program was delayed by the war, but congress has required that a start must be made on all the vessels before next July 1.

Including the \$600,000,000 for the three-year program, Secretary Daniels said the total estimates of the department for ship construction, including armor and armament, amounted this year to \$722,000,000. Only \$200,000,000 of the \$600,000,000 will be made available next year for construction work on the three-year program. In addition to \$272,000,000 asked for completing vessels already authorized.

"The new program of 156 vessels," said Secretary Daniels, "prescribes specific numbers of battleships and battle cruisers. As regards smaller vessels, although the total number to be 140, it is simply asked that they be of types already approved and in existence, or of new types which may develop during the life of the program, the details being left to the discretion of the navy department."

"The new three-year program is a continuation of the policy adopted in 1916 of increasing the navy, and contemplates its steady upbuilding and improvement. It is in line with the policy adopted by this government, and which has met with the entire approval of the American people, of building up a navy strong enough to meet all requirements."

"This program, if authorized by Congress, as I am confident it will be, will give us sixteen capital ships that will be the equal of any afloat at the time they are built. The battleships and battle cruisers authorized in the first three-year program will be unexcelled by those of any other navy, and the country may rest assured that in the new construction authorized our constructors will produce the most powerful and effective of fighting craft."

"The imperative necessity of turning out as rapidly as possible all the destroyers and other types of craft needed in the war against the submarines, for the necessities of warfare for the time required us to concentrate upon this class of construction—has led to the fear in some quarters that in devoting so much necessary attention to the building of smaller craft we might fall some in looking out for the future in building the capital ships, on which the strength of a navy ultimately depends. This the naval authorities have always had in mind. The three-year program authorized in 1916 provided for ten battleships and six battle cruisers. Now we ask for as many more, to be built as those formerly authorized are completed and facilities become available."

"The total expenditures authorized upon this new program is \$600,000,000, the provision for the first year being a third of this, \$200,000,000. This is exclusive of estimates for emergency appropriations for new vessels to be built under war urgency, which total \$140,000,000, and also of estimates for continuing and pushing the old program, the emergency construction of destroyers under way, etc."

"Including the \$600,000,000 for which authorization is requested in the new three-year program, the total estimates of the department for ship construction, including armor and armament, amount this year to \$722,000,000. This total amount I recommend for appropriation next year, for ship construction, that is for completing vessels already authorized and for new vessels, is \$722,000,000."

The Walnut Improvement club will have no meeting Thursday on account of the epidemic.



By the votes of many of you, I am the candidate of the Republican and Prohibition parties for Assemblyman from the Fifth (western) District of Fresno county.

My platform may be briefly stated. I stand unqualifiedly with the administration for the most strenuous efforts toward winning the war for liberty and humanity and against the slavery of autocracy.

I stand for a dry state and nation and for the ratification of the Federal Prohibition Amendment, and shall continue to work for them, whether elected or not.

I stand for economy with efficiency in state government.

I am the candidate of no special interest, but stand for the greatest good of all worthy interests.

It is impossible for a busy man to see all the voters, but I shall see as many as I can, and want you to know where I stand, and shall appreciate your support at the polls November 5.

Respectfully,
B. W. McKEEN.

GOVERNOR ASKS EVERY CITIZEN TO WEAR GAUZE MASK

(Continued from Page 1.)

Additional complaints were received today that doctors and druggists are overcharging influenza patients, and that landlords are withholding heat from tenants. An ordinance which would compel landlords to keep thermometers in their houses at 65 degrees, was introduced at a meeting of the board of aldermen today. If adopted, the measure will supplement a similar clause in the sanitary code, under which several landlords have been arrested.

Deaths at Fremont

SAN JOSE, Oct. 22.—There were fourteen deaths from Spanish influenza at Camp Fremont yesterday, according to an official announcement at division headquarters today. Although the death toll increased the number of new cases was reduced to fifty-four, less than half of the previous day of the epidemic. It was announced.

SEATTLE, Wash., Oct. 22.—Spanish influenza in Seattle has reached its crest, according to Dr. J. S. McBride, city health commissioner, tonight. New cases reported today were only 215 and deaths five.

CARDINAL ACCEPTS HIS FRENCH HONOR

BALTIMORE, Md., Oct. 22.—Cardinal Gibbons today announced his acceptance of the distinction conferred upon him by the French government in making him a grand officer of the Legion of Honor. In a letter to the French ambassador at Washington through whom the intention of the French government was made known to the cardinal recently, Gibbons spoke of his love and admiration for the French people and declared that without their loyal aid "our glorious country could never have been a nation."

NEW YORK "COFFIN GHOULS" ARRESTED

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—In an investigation here of the activities of alleged "coffin ghouls," the Federal authorities today caused the arrest of two undertakers on charges of attempting to defraud the government. The undertakers, it is alleged, by reporting to relatives of soldiers that the government coffin in which the bodies were shipped home were "cheap pine boxes," secured orders for expensive caskets and then appropriated the government coffins. In some cases resulting them to the government. The "cheap pine boxes" cost the government \$35 each.

SHIPYARDS HAVE STEEL SURPLUS

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 22.—From 1000 to 1500 tons of steel allotted to shipyards will be released each week for other war industries, it was announced today by Charles M. Schwab, director-general of the emergency fleet corporation, after a conference with representatives of all the steel shipyards of the East. The 50,000 tons a week assigned to shipbuilding, it was said, proved to be beyond the needs of the plants, operating as they are with a shortage of labor.

MAXIMILIAN FEARS NATIONAL UPRISING

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 22.—(By the Associated Press.)—President Wilson's reply to the latest German note may, perhaps, bring definite certainty as to the result of the negotiations, Prince Maximilian, the Imperial German chancellor, said today, according to a dispatch received here from Berlin. "All then, we must prepare to resist a peace of violence."

PLAN EVEN SYSTEM OF FREIGHT RATES

SALT LAKE, Oct. 22.—Plans of the Federal railroad administration to establish a uniform system of class freight rates throughout the country is made known in a letter received by the Oregonian from the Washington state commission, who is now at Washington, D. C.

The plan calls for the establishment of zones and creating zone rates of Oregon, Washington and California. It is said that water competition conditions are not considered and that one result would be an increase in the rate between Portland and Puget Sound from the present 25 cent rate to more than 50 cents, also that there would be a battle between Seattle and Tacoma and Bellingham.

AMERICA HONORS ALLIED GENERALS

Medal for Foch, Joffre,
Haig, Petain, Diaz
Pershing and Gillian

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—Marshals Foch, Joffre and Haig and Generals Petain, Diaz, Pershing and Gillian, chief of staff of the Belgian army, were awarded the highest military service medal today by President Wilson, acting as commander-in-chief of the United States army.

General Pershing was directed by Secretary Baker to act as President Wilson's representative in presenting the medals to the military leaders of the Allies and to express to them the high regard of the people of the United States and the American army for the distinguished and patriotic service they have rendered in the common cause.

General Tasker H. Bliss, former chief of staff, and now assigned to the inter-allied war council, will represent the President in presenting the medals to General Pershing. He has been directed to say that the President awards the medal to the commander of the American expeditionary forces as a token of the gratitude of the American people for his distinguished service and in appreciation of the success which the American armies have accomplished under his leadership.

Throughout the day the enemy endeavored to maintain his positions on the Lyx and on the canal between Deynze and the Dutch frontier.

COLONEL J. R. WOOD TO INSPECT CAMP

CAMP KEARNY, San Diego, Oct. 22.—Colonel J. R. Wood, quartermaster from Washington, who is inspecting camps throughout the country to obtain closer co-ordination of the work of the quartermaster general's department, arrived at Camp Kearny today. He was enthusiastic over its location and the excellent climate in which the men work. Colonel Wood has completed inspection of Rockwell Field, home of the army aviators at North Island; Fort Rosecrans and other posts in and about San Diego, and intends to leave for the Verde River tomorrow.

The quarantine at the camp continues as strict as ever, and it is declared that the good effects are apparent.

BRITISH OFFICERS ESCAPE FROM TURK

LONDON, Oct. 22.—Eight British officers captured at Kut-el-Amara reached England today after thrilling adventures. The party escaped from a Turkish prison camp in the interior of Mesopotamia. They were rescued by a Turkish patrol boat which was fired across the Taurus mountains. Food supplies were short but the party defied it, wisely to travel mostly by night. The sea was reached after a fortnight.

THE WORLD WAR

LONDON, Oct. 22.—An official statement on the operations of the independent air forces issued tonight says: "Two of our squadrons attacked the barracks and railways at Metz Monday. Another squadron set out to attack the factories in Rhine towns but the formation was split up by the dense fogs. Seven machines have not yet to the present been located. Monday night we dropped heavy bombs on the stations at Metz."

SAN JOSE, Oct. 22.—According to an official announcement at Camp Fremont today the camp will be converted into an infantry line officers' training camp about December 1 when 1950 men will arrive there. This number will be rapidly increased, it was stated, until 30,000 men are in training for commissions. It will be the largest infantry officers' training camp in the United States. It was said, because of the ideal climate and health conditions prevailing there.

SIGN POSTS FOR BATTLE FIELDS

PARIS.—The American Red Cross has just taken steps to overcome one of the greatest hardships suffered by the American soldiers during a battle. Many men in the course of an action receive slight wounds which render them incapable of continuing in the ranks and they are at once sent to the nearest dressing station on foot, if they are able to walk.

Central California's Largest Dept. Store Gottschalk's

FRENCH ROOM MILLINERY Cut 1/4 Off the Regular Price. The Entire French Room Stock. No Restrictions.



Hosiery
Ladies' Burson hose, black with white feet; wide garter top; double heel and toe; regular 30c value, for today, 3 for \$1.00
Ladies' fancy silk hose; light and dark colors, stripes and checks; wide 1 1/2 garter top; high spliced heel and double sole; regular \$1.25 value 83c

Soap Rose Bath Soap Wednesday

This soap is made by the Palm Olive Co.; a white bath soap which lathers freely in the water; a 10c value always—for Wednesday special

2 Cakes 15c

Service Banners

For all branches of the service, made of good felt, and sells here regular at 75c. For Wednesday

1 Doz. 59c

Men's Sweaters Special

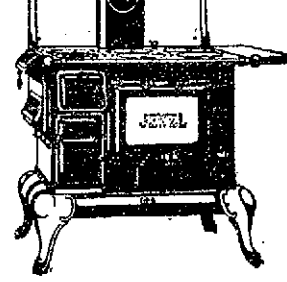
Every sweater offered in this sale cannot be duplicated for less than \$2.00 and every man who buys one of these sweaters certainly gets a bargain. They are heavy weight gray coats with long rail collar, two pockets, 14-16 sizes, 24 to 40—For today at \$1.69

Our Large Stove Department Is Ready for the Cool Weather
Here at Gottschalk's the assortment is wonderfully complete. There are stoves and gas ranges designed especially for the large or small family, and for the big kitchen or the little one, and we stand ready to give you the benefit of years of experience in helping you select the gas range or stove best suited to your needs.

Expert connections—efficient workmanship and service guaranteed.

We Sell Stoves and Ranges on the EASY PAY PLAN

Detroit Jewel "Coal-Saver" Ranges
Wonderful showing of 1918 new style Detroit Jewel "Coal-Saver" Ranges.
Come in and see the new 1918 models. This is certainly the most improved assortment of coal and wood ranges ever exhibited in Fresno. The line is complete.
Sold on our easy pay plan, if desired. Very liberal terms of payment can be arranged.



One of the best stove values ever offered. Large capacity. Made for burning 18-inch wood. Cast bottom and top. Body made from 20-gauge Wellsville polished sheet steel. Has cast iron linings. Full swinging top cover. Large side feed door. Nicely nicked trimmed. All castings made from pure Arco iron. Two sizes.

A PAYMENT OF \$5.00 PER MO Puts a DETROIT JEWEL In Your Home

That's the advantage of our easy pay plan. You get the best gas range in the world, and your capital. You simply pay 35 per cent down and 10 per cent per month.
Buy a Detroit Jewel coal and gas fuel.
Complete stock of Electric Heaters, Oil Heaters, Gas Heaters.

SPECIAL OFFERINGS For Wednesday In All Departments

See These Lovely Hats—All High Class—All Up-to-date Shapes.

It will pay you to make this store your first stop today. We have a full stock of every article advertised.

12 HATS, regular \$15.00 value; 1-4 off \$11.25
8 HATS, regular \$16.50; 1-4 off \$12.35
7 HATS, regular \$18.50; 1-4 off \$13.85
8 HATS, regular \$20.00; 1-4 off \$15.00
5 HATS, \$22.50; 1-4 off \$18.85
4 HATS, \$25.00 \$18.75
3 HATS, \$27.50 \$20.60
2 HATS, \$35.00 value \$26.25

We have a full stock of every article advertised today. Every department is represented in this ad. You can find just what you want here.

our COAT Special Wednesday

A wonderful assortment of high class coats of all the latest models, bought to retail to the best class of trade; no back numbers; the cream of the most modern and stylish makers; made of the best material in velours, gabardine, and all the most desired shades. The coats have no equal in price, make or style, and are our regular \$19.95 value—
For Wednesday \$15.75

A Kimono Special --- Wednesday ---

These are Kimonos which you pay \$1.25 for. Are of the regular stock of high class Kimonos, which are not often offered at a reduction. Nevertheless we will offer them in our Wednesday special at a reduction. They come in blue, pink, lavender. Floral designs made of Crepe with satin binding to match, at \$1.00

Flannelette Sacks --- Wednesday ---

A big variety of Flannelette Sacks. All good new patterns, made of extra good material—some with cuffs, collars and belts, others Corona sleeves and loose backs. They are extra good values at the price which they are offered today 98c

Toweling --- Wednesday ---

15c value—Bleached Crash Toweling; full bleached, finished with blue border. Limit—10 yards to a customer. No C. O. D. No phone orders. 9c yd.

Muslin --- Wednesday ---

25c value—Bleached Muslin, 36 in. wide, soft finish. 10 yards to a customer. No phone orders. No C. O. D. For today. 19c yd.

Silk Bags

Silk bags in black, navy brown, tan and gray, each fitted with coin purses and mirrors, silk lined, and many finished with fancy silk tassels. These are bags at prices from \$1.95 to \$12.50. You can buy them today

Less 25%

Handkerchiefs Special Today

Men's soft finish full size handkerchiefs, with 1-4 inch hem; sells regular at 10c. Special for today—Limit 6 to customer 8c

Sterling Silver Hat Pins

A special bargain in Sterling silver hat pins for today. Only, per pair 15c

Women's Union Suits Special

A special value in women's light weight union suits, in white, high neck, long sleeves, high neck, short sleeves, high neck, elbow sleeves, ankle length; regular \$1.25 quality for today only. Two to a customer 98c

Wash Goods Dept.

25c Amoskeag Flannel 20c Yd.

This is a standard brand, known by every woman. Comes in white only. Pleeced nap. Limit 10 yards to a customer.

40c Canton Flannel 30c

27 inch bleached (will on one side and heavy fleeced on the other. Limit 10 yards to a customer.

Teazeldown Flannel 35c

Standard Amoskeag teal-down flannel; extra heavy fleeced; comes in light and dark grounds in checks, stripes, plaids. None better made. Note the price.

Kimono Flannel 35c

The genuine duckling fleece. Comes in a variety of pretty patterns, in light, medium and dark grounds, for short and long kimonos; also children's patterns.

Double Bed Size Blankets \$3.25 Pair

Heavy fleeced. Comes in tan only. Finished with dark and blue border.

Beacon Plaid Blankets \$6.95 Pair

Full double bed. Comes in pretty broken plaids; pink, blue and tan; the soft color-tone finish. The colors are fast. This is the same price as last year.

California Wool Blankets \$8.50 Pair

This is stock we carried over from last year. Today they are worth more wholesale; extra large size; heavy nap blanket; comes in pink and blue border; finished with 2 inch ribbon edge.

Wool Finish Blanket \$4.95 Pair

Double bed size. Comes in pink and blue border, with a good heavy nap; in gray only.

PAPER DEMANDS KAISER STEP OUT

And Crown Prince Is Just As Unsatisfactory As He

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 22.—The Frankische Tages Post of Nuremberg, the first paper in Germany to demand openly the abdication of the emperor, declares that the accession of the crown prince is entirely out of the question.

"The German people is searching for the guilty," says the Volksfreund, the organ of the Nuremberg Socialists. "The pan-Germans and junkers are silent today, but we do not forget that they are the great war inciters in Germany, that they are a menace to the future healthy development of the German empire."

"To the gallows with the guilty, whoever they may be!"

The Socialist Arbeiter Zeitung of Vienna urges the German Socialists to speak of the "chief culprits" without mercy, adding:

"When the German soldiers return home from the trenches after four years of unparalleled suffering there will be a reckoning for the people who have led them to this catastrophe. The German people will sweep away the junkers and take its own destiny into its own hands."

Must Not Be Obstacle

GENEVA, Oct. 22.—Peace must not be delayed a single day on account of the Hohenzollerns if they are an obstacle to it, declares the Volksfreund of Nuremberg, which also is permitted to speak of the disappearance of the superstitious belief that the emperor was chosen to rule by divine right.

The Schwabische Tagwacht says that everybody is now convinced the Allies will not accord Germany a cheap peace, "but if the glory and power of Imperial Germany is the price, the German people are ready to pay."

In permitting such items to leave Germany the German censorship apparently is preparing public opinion for coming events.

NEW YORK GETS \$15,000,000 MORE

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—Receipt of late subscriptions to the fourth Liberty Loan, amounting to more than \$15,000,000, was announced tonight by the campaign committee for the New York federal reserve district, which has not yet completed a compilation of the district's total.

Among the subscriptions were \$5,666,000 by the Midvale Steel & Ordnance Company, and \$1,000,000 each by the Bank of the United States, the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, Charles M. Schwab and employees of the Edgemoor rifle plant.

Railmen's Bonds

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—Employees of railroads under federal control subscribed not less than \$154,382,150 to the fourth Liberty Loan. This sum, according to incomplete reports received today by the railroad administration, was distributed among 1,642,884 persons.

Subscriptions thus far reported by the various operating regions are: Southwestern, \$20,681,250; Northwestern, \$25,649,150; Pennsylvania, \$3,651,700; Allegheny, \$21,539,550; Eastern, \$14,580,450; Southern, \$15,116,550; and Central Western, \$22,334,400.

Officers, employes and enlisted men attached to the war establishment in Washington subscribed \$14,341,400 to the fourth loan, more than the department's subscriptions to all three previous loans combined.

San Francisco Ahead

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 22.—Liberty loan officials announced tonight that returns so far received indicated that both San Francisco and the twelfth federal reserve district are leading in the amount of the fourth Liberty loan. No estimate was available as to how much the over-subscriptions totaled. Definite figures were expected soon to be announced.

Chicago Figures

CHICAGO, Oct. 22.—Over-subscriptions to the fourth Liberty loan in the seventh federal reserve district, which includes Chicago and Cook county now approximate \$36,000,000, the total being \$65,743,000, against a quota of \$17,700,000, according to the latest figures given out tonight.

Iowa's total subscriptions are now \$15,843,000. Iowa's over-subscription is now \$1,723,000, with final reports expected to show a still larger total. Des Moines had an over-subscription of \$1,100,000, and the over-subscription of Duane and Scott counties alone was \$1,000,000.

Wisconsin figures showed total subscriptions of \$104,000,000, or approximately \$3,000,000 over the state quota. Milwaukee's quota of \$32,646,000, was over-subscribed about \$3,000,000.

WIRE OPERATORS IN CONFERENCE

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 22.—Representatives of all the switch board operators and electrical workers of the Pacific Telephone and Telegraph company of the Pacific coast, in conference here on a proposed new wage scale, will conclude their work by noon tomorrow, they announced tonight. Pending a determination of the proposed agreement to be sent to the company unit to government executives handling wire utilities, no statement will be made for the public, according to the conference.

SIGNS CONTRACTS WITH RAILROADS

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—Director General McAdoo today signed the first contracts to be entered into between the railroad administration and railroad under government control, fixing the amount of an annual rental and other details.

The first contract executed was with the Chicago and Northwestern and its subsidiary companies, calling for a total annual rental of \$33,360,000. The second was with the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy at a rental of \$33,360,000. Others were with the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Omaha at \$1,934,780; the Colorado Southern and Pacific Valley at \$2,835,575; and the Port Worth and Denver City at \$1,931,360.

SECRETARY BAKER VISITS AMERICAN WOUNDED



Mr. Newton D. Baker, secretary of war, has just returned to the United States from a visit to the battlefields of France. During his stay there Mr. Baker inspected the American troops on the firing line and made an exhaustive study of conditions existing in hospitals and relief centers in the rear. The photo shows Mr. Baker chatting with a wounded Yankee on his visit to a hospital.

CANADIAN PIPER AWARDED CROSS

LONDON, Oct. 22.—(Canadian Press).—Five new Victoria crosses have been awarded, the recipients of three of which have been killed. The most thrilling account accompanied the award to Pines James Richardson of a Manitoba regiment.

Prior to the attack, he obtained permission to play his company "over the top." As the company approached its objective, it was held up by very strong wire and came under an intense fire, which caused heavy casualties and momentarily demoralized the formation. Richardson, realizing the situation, strode up and down with great coolness. The effect was instantaneous. Inspired by his splendid example, the company rushed the wire with such fury and determination that the obstacle was overcome and the position captured.

Later, after participating in bombing operations, he was detailed to take the wounded and prisoners. After proceeding 200 yards he remembered that he had left his pipes behind. Strongly warned, he insisted on returning to recover them. He was never seen again and is accordingly presumed dead.

ALLIES ADVANCE IN NORTH RUSSIA

ARCHANGEL, Monday, Oct. 21. (By the Associated Press).—The American and Russian yesterday advanced approximately seven miles along the Onega river, meeting with little resistance. The Divina, Vega and Volocha sectors have been comparatively quiet the past few days.

MOTOR TRANSPORT CONTRACTS SIGNED

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—To supply the requirements of the recently organized motor transport corps, the war department today announced that contracts have been let for motor equipment, including trucks, tractors, passenger cars and motorcycles amounting to approximately \$125,000,000. The order is the largest ever issued by the government for such equipment. The contracts provide for the delivery starting immediately in some instances and extending over a period of several months of 1,500 trucks, 10,555 chassis, 2,730 tractors, 15,050 bicycles, 3,000 delivery cars, 3,000 five-passenger cars, 500 winter cars, 500 limousines, 350 motorcycles and 13,500 four-wheel drives.

DEFENDS SENTIMENT OF DUTCH PEOPLE

AMSTERDAM.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press).—Hollanders have been told by their friends in the United States that American opinion is undergoing a change adverse to Holland. To combat this a Netherlands society is preparing to send a special mission to America in the hope of more fully cementing the friendship of the two nations.

Friends of Holland in the United States, according to the Handelsblad, which is regarded as the leading newspaper in the kingdom have sent word to Holland that the feeling in America is that the people of the Netherlands seem "indifferent" to the tremendous issues of the war.

The paper declares that the consensus of American opinion is that the Dutch fail to appreciate the purity of America's motives; that the Hollanders think of nothing but to keep out of the war and enrich themselves and that the loudness of their protests against any inconvenience they may have suffered as a result of Entente war measures is not proportionate to the modernness of their complaints against Germany's crimes on land or sea.

The newspaper freely admits that there is good ground for reproach. "Many persons in Holland," it says, "judge the war and the leading statesmen of the various countries, especially America, in cautious, presumptuous, even cynical spirit, which is calculated to grieve America greatly. America can justify its position in Holland to believe in the good faith of its declaration that it entered the war not from egotistical or selfish purposes, but to free the world from the cancer of militaristic imperialism."

"Holland has not done nearly enough to enlighten public opinion in America regarding the true feelings of the Dutch people. The spirit of the Dutch people is largely misunderstood and misinterpreted abroad."

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—Thirty-four prominent theatrical managers and actors tonight pledged their profession to raise \$2,000,000 towards New York's \$25,000,000 quota in the United War campaign for \$170,000,000, at a dinner tendered them by John D. Rockefeller, Jr., chairman of the campaign committee.

THE WORLD WAR

LONDON, Oct. 22.—Suggestions that an embargo be placed on "luxury laundry" in London has been the subject of considerable comment in the newspapers here. The statement that laundries are flooded with large quantities of dainty lingerie and other fancy clothing by women war workers has been denied by laundriesmen.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—Names, addresses and present occupations of thousands of coal miners engaged in other forms of industry, who have abandoned their own trade since the beginning of the war, have been obtained by the United States Employment Service as a result of an appeal to officials of local unions of the mine workers. An effort will be made through general appeals and personal solicitation to induce these men to return to the mines where they are urgently needed as war workers.

LONDON, Oct. 22.—Popularity of the Royal Air Force is emphasized in the recruiting office here. The military age minimum is seventeen years and ten months. So many youths under that age have attempted to join that it has become necessary to require birth certificates with each application.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 22.—Looking to post-war commerce, the foreign trade department of the San Francisco chamber of commerce is registering manufacturers and their productive capacities in all sections of the United States. Four thousand manufacturers, without foreign connections nor the means to establish them, have been offered the services of the bureau in planning their post-war business, but who have contented themselves with reliable and experienced export and import firms. This will permit thousands of manufacturers throughout the United States who could do a large profitable foreign business, but who have contented themselves with home markets owing to technicalities of foreign trade which they did not understand, to find markets in the Orient, Oceania and Latin America.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 22.—A German airplane bombed a children's hospital belonging to the American fund for French wounded and used to transport patients from district Red Cross dispensaries to the American Red Cross hospital at Toul, according to news which has just reached Pacific division headquarters. The ambulance, it seems, was waiting in front of a police station at — when the bomb struck the car, burying it in the shattered walls of a house across the street.

CAMP KEARNY, San Diego, Cal., Oct. 22.—"All officers will remain in camp except upon liberty days," says a notice posted at headquarters of the 15th division stationed here. On such days, the order continues, at least one officer must remain with each company or similar unit in the division. Regimental commanders and commanders of independent units are required to submit a statement of their presence as their representatives "whether they leave camp over liberty days."

"Sherman was right," said an officer, commenting on the order, "but officers are officers."

PAPETE, Tahiti, Sept. 11.—(By mail).—The present population of Tahiti numbers about 2,000 persons. These include Chinese, Tahitians, a few English and Americans and many natives. There is approximately one of these French officials to every four Tahitians. The natives take themselves quite seriously and have a great respect for the importance of their country. Many believe that the great war has for one of its primary objects the settlement of the future ownership of the islands.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY NORTHWEST OF VERDUN, Oct. 22.—Fifteen American night fliers responded to alert signals when the Germans raided the front and back areas of the American lines on Monday night, and searched for the enemy aircraft up and down the lines. One American saw the tracer bullets of a German firing his machine gun at a supposed troop movement, but he was unable to engage the enemy raider.

CAMP FUNSTON, Kas., Oct. 22.—Court martial sentences for six conscientious objectors found guilty of disobedience of orders and other offenses have been reduced from life imprisonment to twenty-five years at Fort Leavenworth, Kas., by Major General Leonard Wood. It became known here tonight.

LONDON, Monday, Oct. 21.—Speaking in the house of commons today, James Thomas MacNamara, financial secretary of the admiralty, said there was good reason to believe that all German destroyers and torpedo boats which had their bases at Ostend and Zeebrugge have escaped to German ports. Every possible step was taken to intercept them, he said, but he added that, seeing that passage could be made at night and that Dutch territorial waters could be used, there was no certainty that the measures taken would be effective.

LONDON, Oct. 22.—Not one of several hundred houses in Douai inspected by the correspondent of the Daily Mail at British headquarters, is in a habitable condition. The south and east sides of the Grande Place were blown

to the ground. A number of houses in the southern part of the town were burned, apparently out of sheer cupidity. The handsome city hall was stripped of its chandeliers and the archives there were thrown about in confusion.

ROME, Oct. 22.—Prince Umberto, count of Salerni, cousin of King Victor Emmanuel, is dead at Grosparno, near Monte Grappa, where he commanded a battery in the Italian army. He was 29 years old.

LONDON, Monday, Oct. 21.—British casualties reported for the week ending today numbered 37,130, compared to 25,710 for the previous week. They are divided as follows: Killed or died of wounds, officers, 217; men, 1,871. Wounded or missing, officers, 1,464; men, 30,185.

BASEL, Oct. 22.—The National Jugo-Slav Council, formed of all the political factors in Croatia, has rejected the imperial manifesto of Emperor Charles, announcing the federalization of Austrian states. The manifesto is held to be insufficient and is denounced as being intended only to deceive President Wilson, according to the Agram correspondent of the Munich Neueste Nachrichten.

MANKATO, Minn., Oct. 22.—Albert Stenhaus, publisher of the Post at New Glen, Minn., was indicted by a Federal grand jury here today on a charge of violating the espionage act. Eight counts were returned. The indictments were based on alleged disclosures of military secrets to the German government. The charges are contained in the Post. Stenhaus will be arraigned here tomorrow.

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—James A. Mahery, supreme knight of the Knights of Columbus, tonight appealed to members of the order to call to the attention of their children, Marshal Foch's request that Catholic children receive communion on his behalf and remember him and the cause he represents in their prayers. The marshal's request was made through Monsignor William Barnes, Catholic chaplain of Oxford University, who came to the United States to attend Cardinal Gibbons' Golden Jubilee.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—Sick and wounded landed in the United States from the Austrian expeditionary forces during the week ended October 18, numbered 637, the war department announced today.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Oct. 22.—Lieutenant Edwin C. Little of Husbrouck Heights, N. J. died in Park Field base hospital today as the result of injuries sustained October 12, at Euton, N. C., when the airplane in which he was flying fell.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 22.—Henry J. Weeks, an energetic and active politician, today resigned as city commissioner of weights and measures. His action followed the suspensions, last Friday of Chief of Police William Young, two police captains and three police sergeants. The only announcement regarding the suspensions of the police officers was that the action of the police board was taken as result of charges lodged by the government.

FRANCIS J. ESPERY, THE VICTOR IN MACEDONIA.

There's a name come up from the fighting
Come up like a sudden comet of fame;
Out of some orbit, unknown, uncharted,
With a blaze that sets the heavens aflame.

A name that rings like the blast of a trumpet
That echoes wild through the hills of song;
A name to hearten the spirit of a nation
And shatter the bastion's walls of wrong.

Like an eagle out of the blue vault plunging;
As a red, unrelenting lightning stroke
That smites the lowering pride of the forest,
On the head of the haughty foe he broke.

A bolt of fire, and the cloud was rent;
The night of defeat was rolled away—
And lo! in the sky of the troubled nations
Blazed the morning star of day.

John Jerome Rooney in N. Y. Sun.

THE EMPRESS.
With gold my paths are paved,
Purple is mine attire;
My broad and billowy bill crests
Are lit with crimson fire.

Mine is a triumph music
That sets the blood aghore;
The marching pipe and labor
Before my footsteps go.

My amber clad battalions
Approach in gleaming line;
No golden pomp or pageant
Was mightier than mine.

Tossed by the winds of morning,
My flags are far unfurled;
I hold within my storehouse
The treasure of the world.

Far in the dim lost aeons
I had my royal birth;
Behold in me the Autumn
The Emperor of the Earth.
—Clinton Scollard, in N. Y. Sun.

Phone 4000 **The Wonder** Corner J and Tulare Sts.
A Store of Women's Fashions

An Immense Showing, Extraordinary Values!
Serge Dresses for Winter

A Comprehensive Portrayal of The Newest Fashions
1915 \$25 29⁵⁰ \$35

—Here the diversity of style is so great that almost every taste is provided for—every requirement for informal dress included... Every model is so thoroughly different, each one exemplifying some new interpretation of the model. A selection from this wonderful collection carries with it the assurance of WONDER style and quality, a source of great satisfaction to discriminating women.

—This most wonderful variety is still more interesting and attractive, by reason of the very low prices which have a deep significance to those who critically examine into quality of materials, trimming and workmanship.

Sweaters in New Sport Modes
A Wide Selection of Smart Styles for Winter 5.95 & up

A special lot of long nap angoras in an assortment of colors at 5.95—Worsted yarn sweater—as low as 6.95, featuring an—

Extra Special Value at 9.95
In wool sweaters in which are included a number of much higher values.

Discriminating Women Will Be Delighted With Our Displays of Beautiful and Fashionable Blouses

And Their Extremely Moderate Prices Is a Distinctive Feature

5.95 7.95 8.95 9.95 11.95 12.95

—The most critical will approve the charming styles developed from beautiful georgette, from which one may choose a suitable blouse for any purpose—the simply tailored or the more elaborate and dressy... Newly arrived models, now being shown, embrace a wide variety of the most wanted suit shades.

Phone 4000 **The Wonder** J Street Near Tulare
Downstairs Store
Regular 2467 Coats, Now 1967
In Misses' Sizes Only
A Fine Lot of Stylish Winter Coats Reduced, Because Large Sizes Are Sold

WHERE THE GRAND FLEET IS READY

LONDON.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press).—There is an elbow of road above the Fifth of Fourth, where, if one should come to it in a fortunate hour, he would see the Grand Fleet, the hammerhead of the British navy.

Mile after mile of great and little fighting ships, their jagged sails faintly across the water to quiet streets ashore. It is four years since the battle-squadrons slipped away to their war station, and the British navy became suddenly one decisive and fixed factor in an unstable world.

The supreme task of the navy has been to make secure on all the seas of the world the transportation of men, material and food. Between the date of the declaration of war and June 30 last, the needs of the Allies have involved the carrying by sea of some 20,000,000 men, 2,000,000 animals and about 110,000,000 tons of naval and military stores, cargoes whose vastness and diversity have never been contemplated nor foreseen. The submarine war intensified and waxed to its greatest violence yet the great work of supply and transportation went forward with never an interruption.

The navy which in 1914 had comprised warships and auxiliary vessels to a total of two and a half displacement tons had swelled by June of this year to a sum of six and a half millions; its personnel had grown from 148,000 to nearly 400,000. Of the 26,000,000 of men embarked and transported, the total losses due to enemy action up to April 27, 1918, had only reached the trivial figure of 3,327—roughly equal to one lost for each six thousand carried.

EDITH CAVELL.
Executed October 12, 1918.
Room 'mid the martyrs for a deathless name!
Till yesterday, in her how few could know
Black War's white angel, succoring friend and foe—
Whose pure heart harbored neither hate nor blame
When Need of pity made its sovereign claim.
Today she is the world's; its poignant we
We thought had been outworn, again doth flow
In tenderest tears that multiply her fame,
Oh, something there is in us yet more bright
Than Rouen's hungry flames—that could consume
Jeanne's slender limbs but not her spirit's might.
Flute still has noble colors in her loom,
One lonely woman's courage in the night
Has sealed the savage Hohenzollern's doom!
—From "Poems of War and Peace" by Robert Underwood Johnson

VICTROLA Dance Music
Always Ready Never Tires Unlimited Repertoire

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Convenient Payment Terms
Prices Soon to Advance

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CHAS. E. BOWEN, Editor and Manager

KEEP YOUR HEAD

Various sensational rumors are spreading regarding the Spanish influenza now epidemic in this city. These rumors are strikingly like the German propaganda rumors of a year ago. This does not imply any connection, except a similarity of mass psychology.

For instance, rumor yesterday had three prominent physicians dead of the influenza. Each physician emphatically denied his own death, and his expert opinion would even be received by a court. Therefore the public should also accept these denials as conclusive.

Also rumor, as is almost invariably the case, has taken two diverse and mutually inconsistent courses. One line of whispered chatter is that there are a great many more cases than the newspapers are reporting and that the mortality toll has been very high. On the other hand, there are reports that the newspapers are minimizing what is said to be a very alarming situation.

On the other hand, you will hear the talk that there is no such thing as Spanish influenza, that it is all pure newspaper sensationalism, that there are merely the usual number of colds for this season of the year.

Of the two forms of gossip the second is the most dangerous. The epidemic is serious and the only way to check it is to recognize its seriousness and co-operate fully and cheerfully with the health authorities.

The Republican is neither minimizing or exaggerating the situation. It is publishing the cases officially reported to the health officers, and of course will continue to do so, whether they are ten a day or a thousand. Deaths are not attributed to influenza or pneumonia unless the attending physician gives these as the cause; on the other hand, there has been and will be no suppression of facts.

In the present excited state of public mind, the same advice is given as on previous similar occasions: Receive rumors and street reports with doubt; do not repeat them without verification. If you see it in the Republican you will know that it is so; if you do not see it, you may rest assured that it is not so.

INITIATIVE STANDS

The chief bugaboo raised against the health insurance amendment is the claim that it "crucifies" the initiative. Many inquiries come, therefore, asking an explanation brief, simple and conclusive, showing whether or not this is so.

It can not be done. If the explanation is brief and simple it will not be conclusive to the hypercritical critic, and if it is conclusive to him no one else will read it.

For most people an explanation is needed. They know that the claim is a bugaboo and therefore unimportant, and they are not interested in the argument either way. For most others it is quite sufficient to assert, on authority, that the health insurance amendment neither "crucifies" nor suspends the initiative and does not exempt health insurance from it. This assertion is made on some of the best legal authority in California and can be taken as conclusive.

However, there are others who have been sufficiently aroused by the agitation over this question really to care whether it is true or not, and these will be interested in a careful argument on the subject. There is no obligation on anyone else to read it.

The paragraph in the amendment which has stirred up the whole question reads as follows:

"The provisions of this section shall not be controlled or limited by any other provisions in this constitution, except the provisions thereof relating to the passage and approval of acts by the legislature and to the referendum thereon."

This mentions the referendum and does not mention the initiative. Why was the initiative not mentioned, and does its omission mean that the right of initiative is not retained?

It will be noticed in the first place that "the provisions of this section" all refer to things which the legislature may do under it. The initiative is not one of these things and has nothing to do with proceedings by the legislature. Its omission, therefore, from an amendment providing for proceedings in the legislature is of no more importance than the omission of the Australian ballot or the boundaries of the state. The amendment provides that "the legislature may establish a health insurance system" and that "the legislature may confer" certain powers. These are "the provisions" which are not to be controlled or limited by other sections of the constitution except those relating to the passage and approval of acts and the referendum. In other words, the legislature is to be subjected to the provisions relating to its procedure, or which the referendum is one, but it is not to be subjected to the various technical provisions of our complex constitution which would make a workable health insurance act unconstitutional if enacted.

The initiative is not a proceeding in the legislature. It is a method of passing laws by the people without the legislature. The privilege of passing such laws is neither conferred by nor taken away by this amendment. The initiative is in the constitution and there would be no way to repeal it except by an amendment repealing it out of the constitution. In fact, if the people were by initiative to vote into

the constitution something inconsistent with this amendment, they would thereby have repealed or amended this amendment. The power of the people by initiative is plenary. It does not have to be given, but it could not be taken away by an amendment like this. If, therefore, subsequent to the passage of a health insurance law by the legislature and its confirmation by the people on referendum, any group of people should conclude that they desired a different law and that there was no hope of getting the legislature to pass such a law, all they would need would be to formulate their law and get a per cent of the voters to sign a petition asking that it be enacted as a part of the constitution. Then it would be submitted to the people at the next election and if passed would take the place of the law already enacted by the legislature. It would be even unamendable afterward by the legislature. The people by initiative can amend the legislature's laws or the constitution itself, but the legislature cannot amend the people's laws.

There is another even easier way. By a petition not of 8 per cent, but of 5 per cent of the voters, a law can be initiated into the legislature. This law must then either be passed unchanged by the legislature or else submitted to the people. This right to initiate legislation into the legislature either is or is not one of the "provisions" relating to the passage and approval of acts by the legislature. If it is, then it is expressly retained by this amendment; if it is not, then it is one of the reserved rights of the people and is unaffected by this amendment.

The fact is that there is no agitation or desire for the use of the initiative on this question. Those who are in favor of health insurance prefer to have the bill discussed and perfected in the legislature, subject to review by the people on referendum, while those who are against health insurance prefer not to have it passed at all and are interested only in the referendum to veto it after it is passed. They mourn for the alleged suspension of the initiative not because they themselves believe in or desire to use the initiative, but because they think the initiative is popular and they can arouse sympathy by pretending that it has been suspended. This argument, which would of course be much more elaborate if addressed to the supreme court instead of to popular readers, demonstrates that the whole thing is a pure "talking point" invented not by friends of the initiative but by enemies of health insurance, to drive away votes on extraneous grounds which could not have been driven on direct grounds.

RESTORATION

The method of reparation to be pursued by the Allies should be very different from that announced by the German pacifist, Erzberger. Erzberger, it seems, held in a published statement when the Germans were in the ascendant, recently, that for every German ship the British had taken, an English town or village should be destroyed. The method of the Allies should be just the opposite of this. There should be no destruction of physical property in Germany at all. The only thing destroyed should be that inhuman combination of men in Germany which has taught, to the sorrow of the world, that Germany's interests are paramount to those of the rest of humanity.

Instead of Germany being destroyed, Germany should be required to rebuild what it has destroyed in the rest of Europe. Every cottage in Belgium and northern France that the Huns have burned, should be rebuilt at their expense, if not actually by their hands. Every tree that has been cut down should be replanted. Every road should be rebuilt. Every bridge should be thrown again across its river to carry the traffic that Germany's false philosophy and Germany's military greed has interrupted.

The gospel of the new world league for peace and democracy should be one of restoration, not of destruction, except where the one necessarily must be preceded by the other. Where democracy is to be set up, of course, despotism must be cut down. Wherever opportunity for every nation and every people to live in such prosperity as it earns is to be set up, of course special privilege must be abated. Restoration and reparation, must be the test, even in treating with those whose offensive conduct has made of them our enemies.

BELGIUM'S CLAIMS AMOUNT TO BILLIONS

LONDON, via Montreal.—Some items which figure on Germany's bill in Belgium are given as follows by an official Belgian source:

"Local contributions and fines levied by Germany on Belgium in 1914—\$8,000,000."

War contributions November, 1914, to October, 1916—\$33,400,000.

War contributions sixteen months to May, 1917—\$14,000,000.

War contributions May, 1917, to May, 1918—\$23,500,000.

War contributions June to October of the current year—\$15,000,000.

Raw materials and machinery taken by the Germans were reckoned by them in January, 1915, at \$50,000,000. The damage in December, 1914, estimated by the North German Gazette amounted to \$200,000,000. This makes a grand total of \$283,200,000.

"These items do not include destruction and requisitions since January, 1915, which must be reckoned as several hundred million pounds."

"During the winter of 1916, Belgian workmen to the number of 1,700,000 were deported to Germany. The future production of these men was thus totally lost to their country."

GEORGE PAPAZIAN ILL.
Rev. M. G. Papazian has received word of the illness of his son, George M. Papazian, at the students' army training camp at Pannoma college, Pannoma, in a critical condition since Tuesday morning, when pneumonia developed from influenza. Papazian graduated last term from the Fresno high school.

TO BE COMMANDER OF STUDENT POST IN AMERICAN ARMY



One of the latest portraits of Major Herbert C. Egan, U.S.A., who has succeeded Colonel J. P. Finley, U.S.A., as commander of the student post in the American army. Major Egan will be in charge of one of the largest student posts in the United States. Major Egan, at the present time an executive officer of the post that he will soon be in charge of, is one of the best known officers and has also fought in the battle of Chateau-Thierry.

OLD PROSPECTORS SEEK WAR METALS

GRASS VALLEY, Oct. 22.—The urgent war demand for chrome, manganese and other similar ores has given an opportunity for scores of old prospectors and retired miners to dig up very creditable "come-backs" and the "sub-sinks" is once more an important feature of the mining sections. The mining and transporting of these ores has become an important industry, although the deposits are comparatively small, scattered and in most cases situated far from the railroads. The working of chrome deposits is by far the most important, the activities centering in counties of Nevada, Placer, Amador, El Dorado and Sacramento, with large operations also in Siskiyou.

Most of the small miners and prospectors have abandoned the search for gold, silver and copper and are devoting all of their time to a feverish search for chrome and manganese. That the returns have been large in many instances is well known. The task of transporting the heavy ores from the remote deposits to the railroads is accomplished in all sorts of ways, ranging from horse-drawn motor trucks down to pack burros. The postal department has been drafted by the miners. They have not hesitated to take advantage of the parcel post when it was found cheaper to transport ore by mail than by freight. In Siskiyou county the government has been obliged to install a regular pack-train mail line, thirty-six miles in length, to handle the packages of ore mailed. The postage on the ore for the thirty-six miles is \$12 per ton. In Sierra county one operator recently mailed 1000 pounds of high-grade ore to San Francisco.

In Shasta county the government has authorized the building of an automobile road to some important deposits of chrome in a remote section. Recently agents of the government passed through Northern California for the purpose of inspecting and listing every known deposit of chrome ore. In the event of promising deposits not being worked by the owners it is understood that they may be taken by the government.

CREED FOUND ON AMERICAN SOLDIER

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 19.—The creed of an American soldier, slain in action, which might have been written as an appeal for the Fourth Liberty loan has been received by Sutter & Co. investment brokers here, from an officer in France. The soldier wrote on a leaf of his diary:

America shall win the war.
Therefore I will work.
I will save.
I will endure.
I will fight and do my utmost.
As though the whole issue of the struggle.
Depended on me ALONE.

MRS. WHITELAW REID VISITS U. S. HOSPITAL



Mrs. Whitelaw Reid has been appointed commissioner of the London Chapter of the American Red Cross, which she organized. Photo shows Mrs. Reid talking to a wounded American officer during her visit to the American Red Cross hospital No. 3 in France.

Fresno's Yesterdays

Taken From the Files of the FRESNO REPUBLICAN

Forty Years Ago

Symbol—An old ram once usurped an old man's possessions. The old man soon saw he was desperately given to bunting. So much so that he was good for nothing else, and would hunt anything he saw moving. One day, after being severely hunted one day, concluded that he would learn the old dog a new trick, and teach him better. So the old man took a large block of wood, and suspended it from the limb of a tree. Presently the old ram saw it move a little, he gave it a hunt with his horns, and it swung in the air. Instantly the old ram saw it returning at him and met it half way, causing the block to swing with more force than before; and thus the block continued meeting a warm reception from the ram until the old man, worn out with laughter, retired to rest for the night, leaving the combatants to settle their own difficulties. The old man went out in the morning to see the result, and found nothing but the old ram's tail, and that still swung a little every time the block swung. The marks of a similar scene had been seen at the Central California Colony still trying to wiggle. M. J. Church.

Twenty Years Ago

Burlington, Iowa.—The worst blizzard in years prevailed in this locality today and tonight. Not a wire was working out of Burlington most of the time. The wires are prostrated everywhere. Snow and sleet fell for over five hours, demoralizing the telegraph and telephone service. Nine miles of telegraph wires are on the ground in this city.

A special from Washington says that the state department has discovered a clever scheme on the part of the German government to acquire coaling stations or naval bases in both the Atlantic and Pacific at points where they will come in direct conflict with the interests of this country when the Nicaragua canal is built.

Ten Years Ago

J. W. Utz, of Fowler, has presented the Chamber of Commerce with a unique curio in the shape of a chair made from the ribs, collar bone and a section of the vertebrae of a whale. The seat of the chair is the vertebrae and the brace on the floor in the back of the piece of furniture is the collar bone. One rib, about eight feet in length, has been sawed in two and these pieces form the legs and back of the chair. They have been placed in the form of a triangle, the vertex forming the back. The bones were found on the beach at Monterey.

RUMANIANS GROW MORE RESTLESS

PARIS.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press).—There is a steadily growing belief in Rumania that if the German and Austrian governments continued, there may be an uprising among the people, particularly if the food and clothing famine is not relieved. There are many who feel, says a prominent Rumanian, that it may not be impossible that the Rumanian army may again take up arms against the Central Powers. This conviction, said he, is the stronger since the recent decisive victories of the Allies on the western front.

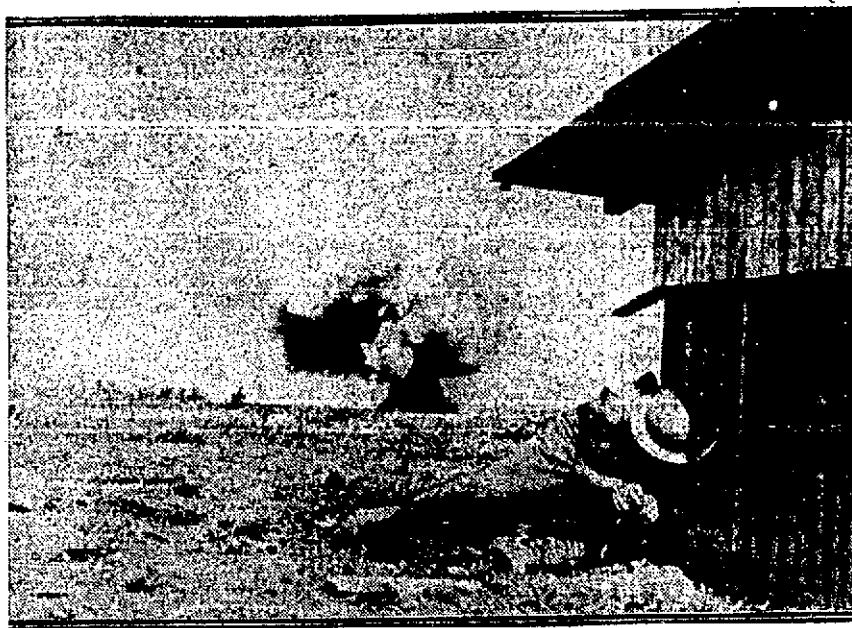
Already there is the gravest unrest among the peasants, who are forced by the German agents to work long and laboriously in farm and factory, with scarcely sufficient wages to buy their daily bread. The Germans are thoroughly disliked by all from the royal family down to the humblest peasant. The belief that the Rumanian army may fight again prevails not only among the people, but in military circles. Officers are confident that, with America's legions now participating in the struggle on the western front and their number steadily increasing, the Central Powers will be compelled to divert all their troops to the field of operations in France in order to check the fast-moving Allies. This would be an opportune moment, these observers believe, for Rumania to throw off the yoke of Germany and re-establish its army in the field as an aid of the Allies.

ALASKA ALREADY IS HIBERNATING

FAIRBANKS, Alaska, Sept. 28.—Most of Alaska is about to enter its long half-light winter hibernation, when ice and snow lock almost everything in their grasp with a wintry clasp.

Already the last steamboats making

"DODGING ONE OF JERRY'S"



This remarkable British official photograph taken on the western front in France at the instant an enemy shell exploded in an incident in our advance on Bapaume. A Tommy while doing a little sewing on his shirt outside a captured German hut is disturbed by a German shell that exploded rather too near for his comfort.

AMERICAN DUCHESS ELECTED TO LONDON COUNTY COUNCIL



Portrait of the Duchess of Marlborough, formerly Mrs. Consuelo Vanderbilt, who has been elected a member of the London County Council to represent West Southwark, which is a working class district of London. She is the first American-born woman to be elected to the council. At the beginning of the present war the Duchess of Marlborough took up hospital and war relief work. She is very interested in woman suffrage and has made many speeches in its behalf while in this country on a visit to her mother, Mrs. Belmont, at Newport in 1914.

connections with the outside world are leaving the northern inland river towns. In a short time Alaska's big inland summer water highway, the Yukon River, will be sealed tight with seven months' ice.

Throughout the country preparations for the winter are being made. Supplies have been laid in, for prohibitive freight rates prevail in the stage lines which serve the country in the winter.

Fairbanks, Nome, St. Michael, Ruby, Eagle, Anchorage, Tanana, Nana, and Fort Yukon are the largest points in the section of Alaska locked by winter. Seward, Cordova, Valdez, JUNEAU, Skagway, Ketchikan, Wrangell and other southern points are on open water the year around. This year Anchorage, for the first time, will be in touch with the outside world by railroad, the government line from Seward having been completed a short time ago.

HEAD TESTS FOR SINGING CAPACITY

LOS ANGELES.—A method of testing the ability of any person to sing, without seeing him or even hearing him, has been devised by Theophilus Fitz of this city, recently director of music in the State Teachers' College of Music of Colorado. This method, which Professor Fitz says is his "contribution to science," is based upon a series of measurements of the head cavities that he declares he has worked down to exact mathematics. He does not find it necessary to see, touch or hear the subject, as his work, which he terms "voice diagnosis," has become as definite to him as mathematics. All he asks is that certain measurements of the head be taken correctly.

After learning these measurements and those of the subject, he makes his own calculations as to the size and shape of the head cavity and announces whether the subject, if a girl, in a soprano or contralto, and if a youth, whether he should sing the role of a basso or of a tenor soloist.

"Many often sing soprano just because Sade does, although she ought to be singing contralto," says Professor Fitz. "And Bill insists upon singing basso, because he thinks it is manly; when he really ought to be a tenor."

"Persons with round heads make the best singers, he says, because their head cavities are the most symmetrical; those with long heads sing best and those with oval craniums rank last."

"It is nonsense," he says, "for people to pass four or five years studying music, to ascertain whether they can sing and if so, what part, when by this method, they can obtain such a decision immediately."

"Is your place within walking distance of the car?" "Alas, no, my dear," answered Farmer Contrived. "How far can you walk?" "Washington Star."

Son (reading the paper): "There's no use talking about it. Alas, no, my dear, command is essential to victory." "That's what your mother thinks," Life.

"What would be a good thing to wear with your suit?" "A Fourth Liberty Loan button," Louisville Courier-Journal.

FIRST PRIEST TO SERVE AS PRIVATE

PARIS.—To Rev. Father Alphonsus Biskup, curate of Marie Cele church, Chicago, has fallen the honor of being probably the first Catholic priest from the United States to serve in the ranks of the Allies as a private. Father Biskup is now "Private" Biskup of the Czech-Slovak Legion, and has taken part in several engagements with the Boche.

When the United States entered the war, Father Biskup tried to enlist in the United States army as a regular chaplain, and when he failed in that effort he enrolled as a volunteer with the Knights of Columbus and landed in France as a volunteer chaplain. As his parents are of Czech nationality, although American citizens, he tried to get in the Czech-Slovak Legion here, but found he could not do so as a Knight of Columbus chaplain, because the Czechs are serving as part of the French forces. He obtained permission from the Knights to enlist in the Czech Legion, and at once did so.

"Private" Biskup, when he visited the headquarters of the Knights of Columbus in this city the other day to obtain supplies for the men of his regiment, told of the joy with which the Czech-Slovak Legion received the news that the United States had recognized their independence. "It gave those men new spirit. I have been with them in several engagements and they have proved better fighters, but they are going to be even better now, for they

FINDS TWO SIDES TO COMMUNISM

AMSTERDAM, (Correspondence of The Associated Press).—The experience of an Austrian banker with Bolshevik methods, when he made a business trip to East Russia recently, is the tale of the Vienna bourse advice received here today.

The banker was arrested and interned. Disguised as a peasant, he escaped with 10,000 rubles in his possession. He fell in with a company of Bolsheviks who, despite his protests, took and divided the contents of his pockets.

"Share and share alike is the rule here," they explained, handing him back his "share," which was only a tenth of his capital. Soon, though, his fortunes took a turn for the better. He fell in with another band which added to its ranks a ragged individual from whose pockets 100,000 rubles was extracted. This sum was pooled and carefully divided and the banker received a fair share. Fortunately he returned to Vienna with 20,000 rubles.

"There are two sides to communism," he now says.

are fighting for something very dear to all men of the Czech race," he said.

An Essential Thing

In the management of a bank is the personal, pains taking care of its officers. Recognizing this responsibility, the officers of this institution keep themselves in touch with every detail of the business.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF FRESNO

O. J. WOODWARD, President
E. A. WALROND, Vice President
ROY PULLIAM, Cashier

BUCKHECHT ARMY SHOE

When you walk into a dependable shoe store and ask for a pair of BUCKHECHT Army Shoes, you can be sure—

That this Army Shoe is up to standard—that it is made by workmen who have turned out more than 600,000 Army Shoes under expert supervision—and that it is backed by a record of more than fifty years of honest shoe manufacturing.

Look for our registered trade name BUCKHECHT stamped on the sole of every Shoe—for our mutual protection.

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EXPERIENCED MOUNTAIN DRIVERS
Leave Fresno 7:30 Daily
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NOW READY—THIRD ADDITION TO THE HOTEL STEWART SAN FRANCISCO
This new Steel and Concrete Addition, ABSOLUTELY FIRE PROOF, adds fifty large sunlit rooms with private baths. The Stewart now has 400 rooms with 200 connecting bathrooms.
RATES: Breakfast 40c; Sunday 75c; Lunch 60c; Dinner 25c; Sunday 1.25
On Geary St., a few steps from Union Square. Take Municipal Car line street in the door. Motor Bus meets principal trains and buses.
Charles A. Stewart and Margaret Stewart, Proprietors.

SOCIETY

Friends of Mrs. C. Mathewson, who has been doing post-graduate work in medicine at Lane's hospital for several months, will be interested to know that she received her appointment yesterday as an army doctor, and has been assigned to the Letterman general hospital at the San Francisco Presidio, as a contract surgeon. She will specialize in anesthesiology.

In a telegram received yesterday by Mrs. W. A. Fitzgerald, president of the San Joaquin Valley District Federation of Women's Clubs, the anticipated tour of the valley by Mrs. H. A. Cable, president of the State Federation, has been canceled because of the influenza epidemic.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles M. Griffith are anticipating a visit from the latter's sister, Mrs. Henry Ayala and daughter, Elizabeth, who will arrive today from Berkeley to spend some time.

Miss Nellie Borden has gone to San Francisco to spend a week or two with friends.

Miss Marguerite Humphrey, who has been teaching school at Tracy, has returned home to remain during the period that the schools are closed because of the epidemic.

Miss Aimee Holmes has returned from the University of California to spend a short time at home.

Mrs. Blissett and her daughter, Miss Roxie Blissett, have taken one of the Swartz apartments on R street for the winter.

The meeting of the Wednesday Club which was scheduled for this afternoon at the home of Mrs. H. W. Neely on T street, has been postponed because of the epidemic.

Miss Nellie Hamilton has gone to San Francisco to visit friends for a fortnight.

The meeting of the Leisure Hour Club has been postponed indefinitely.

The North Park auxiliary of the Red Cross will meet for an all-day sewing session today at the work room, corner of Echo and Dennett avenues. Hospital garments are being made by the auxiliary and at noon a brief respite from work will be declared and luncheon will be enjoyed. Coffee will be served by the auxiliary, and members are asked to bring their individual cups.

At the home of the brides' parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Simpson, on Friday evening will be solemnized the marriage of Miss Margaret Simpson and Donald Ivan Griffith, of Del Rey. The ceremony will be performed by Dr. Will A. Bettis, and bridal music will be given by Miss Lori Miller, soprano.

and Mrs. Margaret Hamner, at the piano. The attendants at the nuptials will be Master Donald Howard, ring bearer; Little Miss Helen Smith, flower girl; and Misses Esther Harris, Edna Irwin, Edie Brown, Carlene Dressing, Hazel Hartman and Mrs. Archie Blingham will act as ushers.

Miss Linda Head entertained informally at dinner on Monday evening, complimenting Corporal James Bonnar, who leaves shortly for the South.

Among those included in the party were Corporal James Bonnar, Mr. and Mrs. Ben Brown, Miss Helen Craig, Mr. and Mrs. Frank C. Hood, Mrs. C. W. Bonnerud, of San Francisco; Robert Reno.

Mrs. Louis Van Allen and little son, Clarence, have gone to Los Angeles to attend the funeral of her brother, Private Wilfred T. Bush, whose death occurred at Camp Donahay, Oklahoma, on October 18, from Spanish influenza.

Edward Menzel, who has been the guest of Prof. and Mrs. Hohn B. Dymott for a few days, motored home yesterday, accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Milton E. Dymott and Mrs. John Dymott, who will be guests of Mr. and Mrs. Menzel at their home near Newman for several days.

Mrs. C. W. Bonnerud, of San Francisco, is the house guest of Mrs. Frank C. Hood, on Olive avenue.

Miss Virginia Baker of Visalia is the house guest of Roland C. Redden this week, and will remain until the latter's departure for Fort Rosecrans, San Diego.

DR. SCIARONI TAKEN ILL. Dr. Sciaroni was taken ill yesterday and is now confined to his bed in the University Club. He has been complaining for several days. His condition, however, is not considered serious at present.

R. C. PARKING SPACE RESERVED. Motorists are kindly requested to discontinue parking cars in space allotted to the Red Cross stores as the announcement issued by Chief of Police Georhling yesterday. Should they fail to comply with the requirements, it might be necessary to arrest any offenders.

Arrivals Overseas



ON THE WAY FROM THE VALLEY TO THE RHINE.
Homer P. Maxwell, Corporal Frank Case and John Smyer.

News of the arrival overseas of Homer P. Maxwell has been received by Mrs. Maxwell of Fowler. He was formerly a member of the 10th Ambulance company, but owing to quarantine in Camp Mills he did not sail with his company in August, but went over to Europe later with Casual Company 402. John Smyer, son of Mrs. Mary Smyer.

of Le Grand, has announced his safe arrival overseas in a note to his mother. Mrs. D. G. Case has received a letter from her son, Corporal Frank Case, announcing that he has arrived in France. Corporal Case joined the 10th Ambulance in September, 1917, and went to Camp Lewis. He is a member of Company K, 14th Infantry.

Fresno's First Bale of Cotton Being Ginned

The first bale of cotton grown in Fresno county is now in the gin of the California Products company, according to information received at the Fresno County Chamber of Commerce yesterday. Specimens of the cotton showing that in the bowl of the plant over two inches long are on exhibition at the chamber office in the Rowell building.

The successful grower is G. E. Bias, who grew the cotton on what is known as the Old Malsbury Place near Conejo. The species grown is the Durango. Bias is said to be well acquainted with cotton growing methods in the south, and claims that his present crop of Durango cotton is the best of that kind that he has seen. The length of the lint in the bowl, he stated, compares favorably with that of the long Egyptian cotton, which he says is possibly the best crop, but is difficult to produce.

Figures received by the Chamber of Commerce show that the price of cotton runs about 37 to 40 cents per pound, and the cotton is harvested at about the amount of one bale to the acre. The bale averages from 500 to 550 pounds. The cost of ginning a bale is estimated at \$8 per bale, and the seed, which is used for cottonseed oil is worth \$23 a ton.

ASK MERCHANTS TO REDUCE SHIPPING

Merchants and manufacturers are being asked by the War Industries board of the United States to arrange their purchases and sales so that there will be no necessity for large returns of unsold merchandise thus making a drain on the shipping facilities of the railroads, according to a letter received at the Fresno County Chamber of Commerce yesterday.

The board points out that the transportation of troops, munitions, supplies and shipbuilding materials must not be hampered by needless and wasteful use of shipping, and issues this appeal for reducing this source of increased demand on shipping.

BAKER PLEASED AT TAX COLLECTIONS

Satisfaction was expressed yesterday by County Tax Collector Ray W. Baker at the day's payments of the county tax. He reports that all day the clerks were kept busy issuing receipts. The total collections yesterday up to 2 o'clock was \$12,582.81.

The payments were credited to the following: County and School, \$7,266.49; Fresno city, \$3,955.76; Selma, \$339.84; Coalinga, \$66; Fowler, \$53.91; Reedley, \$37.51; Sanger, \$514.31; Clovis, \$78.60; Kingsburg, \$214.53; Firebaugh, \$31.46.

POSTPONE VALLEY PASTORS' MEETING

Announcement was made yesterday that the meeting of the Valley Preachers' Meeting of the Methodist church, which was to be held tomorrow at the First Methodist church of Fresno, has been postponed on account of the influenza epidemic. Dr. Will A. Bettis, pastor of the First Methodist church, announced that the next meeting of the preachers will be the regular meeting in November.

THREE ARMY FLYERS SOAR ABOVE FRESNO

Lieut. Colonel Emmons Commands Yesterday's Flight Squadron

Lieut. Buffington Goes Over Fresno Like Rolling Hoop

Bearing on their wings the red circle and blue star of the American air fighters—the insignia that causes Huns to abandon their fight in the German Gott and hurry to hiding places when it appears in the German sky—three huge Curtiss planes, floated above Fresno yesterday as gracefully as gulls and landed in easy glides at the high wire "Z" on Fresno's new aviation field, near the towers on Bullard's tract. That is two of them volplaned gracefully to the ground.

The other—well, Lieutenant Buffington was at the wheel and it fluttered like a "flying leaf" until it was within a few hundred feet of the ground and then, while Fresnoans for miles around held their breaths, came out of the dive, circled and coasted to the field. From all directions automobiles and boys on bicycles lined along every road that ran toward the field.

Lieutenant Colonel Delos Emmons, in command of the flight, said it was easy to see that Fresno was ready to welcome the visitors from the air. He could plainly see the long lines of automobiles along the highway, and the big crowd that had gathered toward the big white "Z."

Lieut. Buffington was not sleeping as he arrived over Fresno this time and just as everybody knew who it was up there, Buffington celebrated his return to the city in an almost endless chain of somersaults. Over the courthouse he went into the famous Immelman curve—into it and out of it, a series of dangerous curves known to flyers, without batting an eye.

At least Mayor Toomey says he didn't bat an eye. And Mayor Toomey is mayor and sees lots of things that the rest of us can't see. And he's a great baseball catcher and his eye is fast.

"He went into that curve and didn't bat an eyelash," explained the mayor mildly. "Just look at that—he's not batting an eye."

"If the mayor can see that well we can use him," remarked Dr. Mathewson. "We can send him out to shoot the flu germs."

"Look out!" shouted Toomey to Buffington as the little lieutenant nearly knocked the gilded dome off the courthouse, and did a series of loops directly above the park and then like a rolling hoop sped through the air in the general direction of the landing field. He did a series of 30 loops on the way. And when he came down at the last of the three to land—he was cheered by the big crowd that had gathered to see the machines at close range.

All of the machines were Curtiss bi-planes of the new type and were equipped with Knight motors. Many of the people believed they were Havillands fitted with Liberty motors. The only resemblance the machines bear to those that are fighting in France is the color. They are painted exactly like the American Havillands—a khaki yellow. They are capable of only 70 miles an hour. The Havillands easily go 125.

"We have put more machines into the air recently," said Lieut. Colonel Emmons, "than England has built during the entire war. There is nothing wrong with the Havilland or with the Liberty motor. There is no better battle plane on the battlefronts than the Havilland, no motor that can equal the Liberty motor."

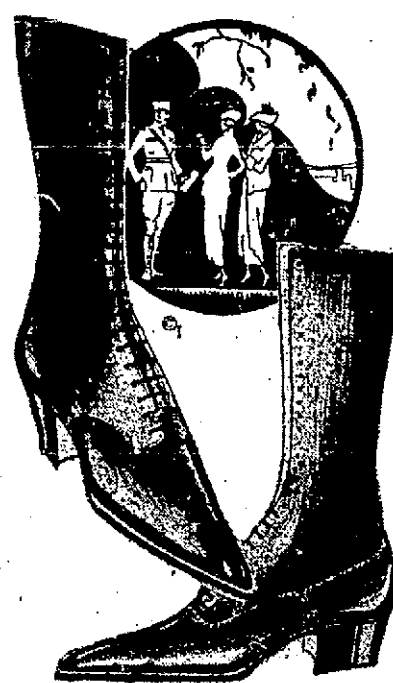
The party remained on the field for an hour before sailing to Modesto, where they made a landing before continuing the trip to Sacramento. Lieut. Col. Emmons said the reason the three planes did not arrive with those manned by Colonel Hensley, Lieut. E. H. Hawkins, Lieut. De Hart and Lieut. T. L. Kenly Monday was because they landed on a ranch near Bakersfield and were so royally received by the rancher that they hesitated to accept his invitation to dinner and to spend the night at his home. In yesterday's party of flyers were Lieut. Col. Emmons, Lieut. John S. Buffington, Major John S. B. Stevenson, Sergt. Lester Willard, Lieut. H. C. Kenly and M. B. Robbins.

CHURCH R. C. AUXILIARY TO MEET. An urgent call has been sent out to the women of the Red Cross auxiliary of the First Christian church to report at the church today and Friday with lunches. A large number of hospital garments must be completed by October 30th.

HENRY TAYLOR PASSES AWAY. Henry Taylor died yesterday at his late residence, 1955 Mary street. He was a native of England and was 64 years old. He is survived by the widow, Mrs. Ellen Taylor, and three sons, George H., Walter B. and Fred Taylor, all of Fresno. Funeral arrangements are in the hands of Lytle Bros.

CALWA MASON DIES. Donald E. Ellish, Sr., died yesterday at home in Calwa. He is survived by the widow, Mrs. Margaret Ellish; a son, Donald, and mother, Mrs. Mary Peterson.

Funeral services will be held at the cemetery under the auspices of the Masonic lodge of which he was a member. Date will be announced later.



Stylish Fall Footwear Priced at Less Than \$10 a Pair

We are showing the very latest styles in fashionable fall footwear, and the majority of these shoes are priced at less than \$10 a pair. Attend this Price Demonstration Sale and we will show you that really high grade shoes can be sold at reasonable prices.

Government Price Regulations. Complied With Months Before They Are in Effect

We have never believed that it was necessary to charge more than \$12 a pair for shoes, and right now we are selling the best Queen Quality Shoes (and that means the best in America) for \$12 a pair. Our buyer goes East twice a year, and buys from the manufacturers direct, often making very advantageous purchases. It is always possible to get the highest grade shoes here at prices lower than those that prevail elsewhere.

Stunning Models on Our Main Floor

\$6.95 A Pair for Women's Novelty Shoes—Values to \$8.50

Surplus stock of the Novelty Shoe Co., of Chicago—values from \$8 to \$12 a pair; brown, gray and ivory kid models; ivory kid and cloth top to match; black kid with gray tops.

\$5.95 A Pair for New Fall Oxfords Values to \$8.50

New Fall Oxfords in dark gray, brown, black and patent leather with French and military heels are in this group.

\$8.95 A Pair for Women's High Quality, worth to \$15.00

Highest Quality of Women's Shoes—values \$12 to \$15 a pair; models in all kid in field mouse, brown and russet gray; two tone brown and field mouse, and two brown and tan included.

\$6.45 A Pair for Women's High Grade Black Kid Shoes

A particularly high grade black kid shoe for women; shoes that would sell regularly at \$9 a pair.

Wonderful Values in Our Big Economy Basement—for Men, Women and Children

Infants' 50c Soft Sole Shoes 10c

All sizes and colors—only two pairs to a customer.

Men's Work Shoes \$1.95

Made of brown muleskin, solid leather extension sole.

Children's Skuffer Shoes, Sizes 5 to 8, \$1.69

Sizes 8 1-2 to 11 \$1.80

Sizes 11 1-2 to 12 \$2.00

Made of full stock calfskin; stitched soles.

Growing Girls' Shoes \$1.95

Worth \$3.50 a pair; black cloth tops and patent kid vamps; button styles with low flat heels; sizes 2 1-2 to 8.

Women's \$3 Comfort Shoes \$1.95

Made of the best grade black cloth, hand turned soles, rubber heels, common sense toes.

Misses' \$4 Dress Shoes On Sale, \$1.98

Many styles of high grade shoes from which to select; made with hand turned and Goodyear welt soles. Some white topped.

Women's Novelty Dress Shoes On Sale For \$2.95

Worth up to \$8 a pair; patent kid with white tops, gray kid with cloth tops, champagne kid cloth tops.

Men's \$4.50 Dress Shoes, a Pair, \$2.95

Made of solid leather throughout; new high toe styles.

Special Sale of Small Size Shoes, \$1

About 200 pairs of small size shoes; sizes 2 1-2 to—at \$1.00 a pair, as long as they last; good standard styles, worth up to \$5.00 a pair.

New Spats

Big shipment of new spats just in; all colors; all sizes; popular "Hylo" spats included. They fit like a glove.

Buckles

Buckles are very stylish. A big shipment of imported styles just received.

The Reliable SHOE COMPANY

938 940 942 944 946 948 950 952 954 956 958 960 962 964 966 968 970 972 974 976 978 980 982 984 986 988 990 992 994 996 998 1000



SPANISH INFLUENZA

Support the patient's weakened vitality by a sustaining, easily digested food.

Borden's Malted Milk is a standby for the convalescent. It builds up strength speedily and surely. Pure full-cream milk and nutritious grains—partially predigested by a special process.

Insist on Borden's—at all drug stores—in square packages only.

Borden's MALTED MILK

Weiser & Jensen
EXCLUSIVE OPTICIANS
2015 TULARE STREET FRESNO, CAL.

All men are created equal, yet their eyes are often unequal. Glasses made by us will balance the inequality.

Oldsmobile

We Can Deliver Sixes and Eights

J. C. PHELPS
DISTRIBUTOR

Maxwell

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Marmon

PAJAMAS and Night Shirts

—Flannelette
—Twill
—Muslin

\$1½, \$2, \$3, \$3½

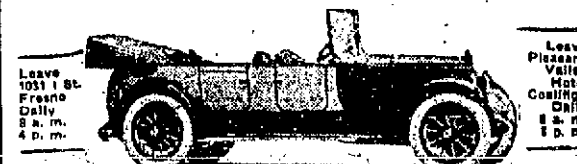
Harry Coffee

Fresno 1027 J

Bakersfield 1409—19th

Fresno-Coalinga Stage

VIA HELM AND OILFIELDS
PACKAGED TWIN-BIX CARS, EQUIPPED WITH WESTINGHOUSE AIR BRINKS



Phone 1961

WALLING & ALEXANDER
Bakersfield, 2001 1/2 St. N. W. Min.
Member Anchor Line

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FREE TO ASTHMA SUFFERERS

A New Home Cure That Anyone Can Use Without Discomfort or Loss of Time.

We have a New Method that cures Asthma and we want you to try it at our expense. No matter whether your case is of long standing or recent development, whether it is present as occasional or chronic Asthma, you should send for a free trial of our method. No matter how long you have suffered, no matter what your age or occupation, if you are troubled with asthma, our method should relieve you promptly.

This free offer is too important to neglect a single day. Write now and then begin the method at once. Send no money. Simply mail coupon below. Do it Today.

FREE ASTHMA COUPON
FRONTIER ASTHMA CO., Room 272 F. Niagara and Hudson Sts., Buffalo, N. Y.

Send free trial of your method to:

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MILES IS PRAISED FOR LOAN VICTORY IN FRESNO

"Fresno Is in High Place On Honor Roll of State"—Blyth

"Organization and Methods Are Justified by Results," He Says

W. O. Miles, Fresno, Cal.
Your wonderful campaign has for the fourth time put Fresno County in high place on honor roll of state. When final figures are in I have no doubt your old record will be maintained. Heartiest congratulations to you and those of your organization who have done actual field work in 100 per cent style. Your organization and methods have been justified by results of this campaign.
CHAS. R. BLYTH.

In the foregoing telegram of congratulation to Chairman W. O. Miles of the Fourth Liberty Loan committee, Charles R. Blyth, campaign director for the Northern District of California, congratulated Fresno county for again giving the nation proof that "Fresno Never Fails." This telegram was sent before all returns were in and when Blyth learns that Fresno county has gone more than \$1,000,000 over the top he will find that the "old record" not only has been maintained, but has been surpassed.

Although no further reports will be made from the city banks until Thursday, Campaign Manager Fred B. Fox announced yesterday that the different committees throughout the county had reported an additional \$30,000 during the day. The city banks will make their final report Thursday.

"Strong Arm" Body Continued.
Fox yesterday made public a letter from George A. Van Smith, publicity director of the twelfth federal reserve district, authorizing the publication of a slacker list and urging the "confidential committee" to continue its work during the period between the fourth and fifth loan. The letter follows:

San Francisco, Cal. Oct. 23, 1918.
Chairman Northern California Liberty Loan Committee.
Gentlemen:—
The General Executive Board of the Twelfth Federal Reserve District today adopted the following resolution:
"Resolved: That the General Executive Board of the Twelfth Federal Reserve District approve the publication wherever considered necessary by Local Liberty Loan

Y. W. WORKERS WRITE FROM ABROAD; AUTHOR LAUDS "W"

"We at the front are doing our best—we are willing to give our all. We want to save nothing for ourselves, if only by giving we can bring peace to the world." These were the words that Lieutenant Coningsby Dawson of the Canadian field artillery, and author of "The Glory of the Trenches," sent from the battlefield in northern France. "You at home," he continued in a letter, "cannot fight with your lives. You can fight with your mercy. The Y. W. C. A. is offering you just this opportunity. They furnish the women's support trenches which lie behind the men's. They ask you to supply them with the munitions of mercy that they may pass them on to us."

Miss Maude Wolff, secretary of the local Y. W. C. A., stated yesterday that as soon as the influenza quarantine is lifted, the association will immediately start active work on the numerous war movements of the day, including the girl reserves, war activities in the various clubs, and the first aid and home care of the sick classes.

In a War Work Bulletin, published by the national board of the Young Women's Christian Association, recently received by the local Y. W., are given many interesting letters from nurses and Y. W. secretaries overseas. The following is an extract from a secretary's letter: "This morning a conveyance came in mostly sick cases, and the ambulance started before six and worked until nearly eight. I got up early for breakfast and then went to Ward 8, where some of the worst cases are and where so many men cannot feed themselves. I fed breakfast to two or three who could not use their arms, and then some others asked me to write letters for them, so I did that."

"I saw how tired the nurses were and determined to serve tea, even though all we have is the shell of a house, so by heating a kettle of water on the kitchen stove and using a packing box for a table, I served tea, cheese and nut sandwiches and cakes I got at the Y. M. C. A. You never saw people

Committees and where careful investigation has first been made of the names of persons, firms or corporations who without good cause have failed to subscribe to the Fourth Liberty Loan or have made flagrantly inadequate subscriptions."

Very truly yours,
GEO. A. VAN SMITH.
In this connection it might be well to state that while on this last campaign it has not been deemed necessary to resort to the extreme measure indicated above, yet it is well for the public to realize that the authority has been granted to do so. It would be well for any person who feels that he has not done his full duty in proportion to his resources during the past four campaigns, to place himself in readiness to make an adequate subscription during the early days of the fifth campaign.

so pleased. The girls just ran down for 5 or 10 minutes, but they said it was as good as two hours off. Everybody is working at top speed. This morning I went into the worst surgical ward, where there are so many fractures and amputations and wounds. It is hard to get around to feed the patients. After dinner, I went to see a boy from the hospital who came from M. line. It was his eighteenth birthday, as one of the nurses at my table told me, so I bought him a cake of chocolate at the Y. M. C. A. and he was so pleased with it."

Another secretary writes of St. Etienne orphanage: "Last Thursday afternoon, forty-five war orphans with their attendants spent a happy time at the Parc. Many of these children, ranging from six to sixteen years, have neither mother nor father. Others have only a father or mother and he or she is on the line at present. When I asked them what they wished to play, I was told they hardly ever played games."

I will never forget the sight of those forty-five orphans, all dressed exactly alike, sitting in a row on the hillside with a line of benches in front of them for a table. When I told several visitors some of the things we hoped to do another year, they said: "Another year? You American workers will surely be here another year?" We were so afraid you would go away."

A Polish Gray Samaritan organization has been formed which works in co-operation with the American Red Cross in the training of the national guard. Miss Stephanie Kozlowska was the first to wear the uniform of gray cloth with a short cape about the shoulders and a gray military cap resembling that of an officer with the Polish eagle on it. On October 15 an extension course was opened for training in the nurses' profession, members for this course being selected from the Polish girls who have already completed the preliminary course. One of the Polish Gray Samaritan camps in the country. Houses for the accommodation of those taking the extension course have been opened and will be maintained by the Y. W. C. A.

A Y. W. secretary in Russia writes: "It's like living right on the screen of a melodrama movie to be in Russia. And shooting are almost as familiar street sounds as the clatter of an automobile at home." This secretary was forced to leave Petrograd by the advance of the Germans, and to Moscow with other secretaries to open the work there.

UNITED WAR DRIVE PLANS UNCHANGED

To Arrange Open Air Gatherings Over County

No change in the program of the United War Work campaign is to be made on account of the influenza epidemic, and the state committee urges that gatherings on behalf of the drive be held outdoors, and that meetings be even held on lawns, was the word received by Roy H. Campbell, district manager of the United War Work campaign, yesterday.

In accordance with these instructions the executive committee of Fresno county is bringing its plans for the drive throughout the county near to completion. The roof garden meeting which was to be held on the roof garden of the Elks' club today at 3 o'clock has been postponed to the end of the present week. If E. B. Patterson, county manager, announced yesterday. Meantime, he stated, Dr. Wheeler, who was to address the gathering, is visiting outside towns for the purpose of aiding in organizing them for the drive. Wheeler is expected to be a powerful speaker, and has visited the battlefields of Europe as the representative of the United States government.

Patterson stated that the executive committee is working out the plans for the county. He announced that headquarters for the campaign in Fresno county had been donated to the committee by L. L. Cory at 1200 J street, adjoining the Consolidated Railroad offices. Temporary counters, tables and desks will be installed, and as soon as everything is arranged the committee will move in. Patterson said that he expected the headquarters would be in use toward the end of the week. As soon as the committee is installed in the headquarters the committees and plan of campaign would be announced, Patterson declared.

"The influenza epidemic may interfere with the drive," Patterson said, "but the very interference should make the people of the county redouble their efforts to carry the campaign to success. This work must be carried through regardless of all difficulties. We have put the liberty loan through with credit to the county, and it is now the duty of every one to support the services which look after the bodily and spiritual welfare of the soldiers."

It was announced that the committee intends to supply the campaigners with masks as a preventive against the influenza epidemic.

An appeal is being made by the committee for more war workers for service in the headquarters office during the campaign. Applicants are asked to file their applications at the Chamber of Commerce in the Howell building.

The fixtures for the headquarters office have been donated by the Valley Lumber company, and installations have been donated by H. W. Shields. Following is the telegram received yesterday from the state secretary:

"Ray H. Campbell,
"625 Rowell Building,
"Fresno.
"Matt wires no change in program account influenza. State committee urges outdoor gatherings and even veranda committee meetings. Matt also wires national headquarters seven organizations unanimous to press campaign with increasing vigor, and urge 50 per cent over subscription of fund for view of increasing needs. Good peace be declared as long period required for demobilization presents even enlarged opportunity for service."
"ERNEST L. MOGGE."

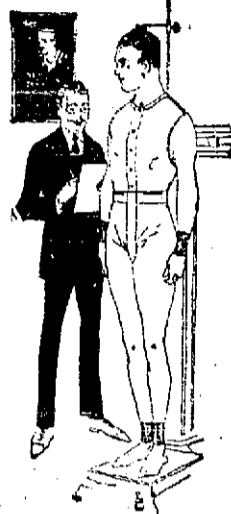
HOLD ROCCO FUNERAL
Rachita Rocco, the 13-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. V. Rocco of Tennerance colony, died at a local sanitarium yesterday. Besides the parents she is survived by three sisters, Perina, Rosa, Duvilla, and a brother, Leo. The funeral cortege will leave Stephens & proceed to the cemetery today and proceed to the cemetery, where services will be held at the grave.

WARREN A. WHEELER DIES
Warren A. Wheeler died at his home, 2967 Iowa avenue, yesterday of the influenza. He was a native of Kentucky and 32 years old. A widow, Mrs. Wheeler, and a daughter, Dorothy, are left to mourn his loss.

Ross Bros
"The Style Shop at the Valley"

Fight Shy Of the Wintry Chills And You'll Hit the Trail to Good Health

Don't let the Influenza scare get you! PREPARE AGAINST IT—Fight it! Doctors advise plenty of fresh air and healthful exercise. Keep yourself in good condition and, most of all, "fight shy of the cold." Prepare today—get your winter's outfit of



Warm Underwear

Our stock includes underwear of every weight in both regular and extra sizes for men and young men—priced very moderately.

Woolen

Shirts and Drawers
\$1.50 Gar.

Especially reasonable for garments as good—close-fitting, even weight shirts and drawers with a comfortable soft finish.

Cooper's

Fall-Winter Underwear

A wonderful stock of this famous line—every grade from the light Balbriggan to the heavier woollens—priced

\$2.00 to \$6.50



"Vassar"

Winter Weight Union Suits
\$2.50

At this price is an extremely comfortable heavy cotton ribbed union suit. Others of natural wool at \$5.00, \$6.00 and \$6.50.

"MEDLICOTTS"

The Always Reliable "Cold Weather" Woolens

Standard garments noted for their excellent warmth giving qualities. Three weights are here in our stock at prices that are quite low considering the present market conditions—\$3.50, \$4.00 and \$4.25 gar.

And many other famous lines of underwear are here including

- Superior
- Globe
- Duo-Fold
- Roxford
- Regatta

Ross Bros

Outfitters to men, women and children
AT J AND MERCED
FRESNO

San Francisco—Oakland—Berkeley—Menlo Park

Warm Pajamas Are Needed



Doctor says, "Plenty of fresh air for the sleeping rooms." That means warmer bed-time clothes. Here are new flannelette pajamas of especially fine warm weight, that are very reasonably priced at

\$2.00 and \$2.50

CASH BASEMENT

Men's Extra Value Underwear
98c

Shirts and drawers, half wool, also some light weight merino and fleeced ribbed garments.

Winter Weight Union Suits
\$1.38

These are long sleeve, ankle length styles that give you added warmth on the arms and lower limbs.

Flannelette Night Robes
\$1.23

Buy them at once and gain the added warmth for the present cold nights.

Men's Heavy Sweater Coats
\$1.98

They're gray, of a heavy warm weave needed especially by outdoor workers.

A Banking Service That Grows with California

As distinctively Californian as the native poppy, the State seal and the old missions—is Bank of Italy service. This service extends from fertile Sonoma Valley in the north, to the great citrus section of the south—operating through a strongly welded chain of well-equipped banks.

Because of its unusual strength and stability, the Bank of Italy is in a position to quickly fulfill the various banking requirements of ranchers, fruit growers and stockmen—and men of this class are urged to get in touch with us.

The leading ranchers of 14 great counties of this State can testify to the helpful, progressive, cooperative spirit of this bank.

Nearly 150,000 Depositors
Resources over \$80,000,000

Bank of Italy
SAVINGS—COMMERCIAL—TRUST

Corner Tulare and
Eye Streets

HEAD OFFICE: SAN FRANCISCO

EPIDEMIC TAKES WEST POINTER

After only a week of illness, Dr. James H. Seymour, manager and superintendent of the Phillips Parker local dental offices, died yesterday from an attack of pneumonia. Dr. Seymour, who was a native of Pennsylvania, had been located in Fresno about fifteen months and was a graduate of the University of Denver. He had also spent two years at West Point and had served in the U. S. army three years. He was 23 years old and a member of the Elks.

TRUNK TAKEN FROM STATION

Mrs. Eugene Battles, 1816 E. street, appeared at Police headquarters yesterday announcing the loss of a Southern Pacific depot in care of Mr. Tons, also colored. The Saratoga was conveyed to the depot Wednesday, October 15, but owing to the baggage room being closed at the time, was left on the platform from where it disappeared. There is no clue to its whereabouts.

NOTICE TO MY FRIENDS AND CUSTOMERS

Driver Neff, Ernest Winzette, has left my employ and has gone to the Fresno Steam Laundry, taking his route with him. I will greatly appreciate it if all my friends and customers will please call on me at my new address, 506 or 507, and I will be pleased to send any driver out immediately. I have the only equipment in the city that can do the new method family work, 15 pounds for \$1, all finished. This includes all kinds of washing, including shirts and collars. Especially nice for families. A trial will convince you. Thanking you for your past patronage.

THE KOHLER STEAM LAUNDRY.
Mrs. Geo. Kohler.
3 TON RUSHFORD WAGON GEARS \$89.00
Vineyard Trucks, \$37.00; reduced prices, W. J. O'Neill Co., Fresno.

What Is a Reproducing Piano?



In the first place the Ampico is not a "player piano." The Ampico is not an electrical piano. It is a REPRODUCING PIANO, an instrument which reproduces so faithfully the playing of eminent concert pianists that the artist seems to play again. The reproduction is not distinguishable from the public performance of the artist himself.

The Ampico is simply without any limitations whatever, so far as expression is concerned. It can and does reproduce the artist's interpretation touch for touch, tone for tone and phrase for phrase, with such fidelity that all the individual characteristics of the artist's style are clearly recognizable.

The Ampico comes in the CHICKERING, HAINES BROS. and MARSHALL & WENDELL piano, both upright and grand.

Please call for a demonstration

Hockett-Bristol Co.

MUSIC

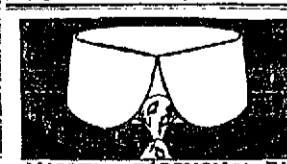
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Phone 1208

Expert tuning and repairing.

TELEGRAPHY

STENOGRAPHY—BOOKKEEPING—TELEGRAPHY—English Branches. An exclusive private school for one hundred pupils. Board and room—or board, room and tuition may be earned. Short finishing or diploma courses for advanced students. Expert teachers in all branches. Telegraphy taught by former instructors for S. P. R. Co. and U. S. Signal Corps expert. The Mackay Business College is Fully Accredited. Send for free catalog. Mackay Business College. Founded by S. P. Co., 1907. Phone 926. 315 Jay Street, Fresno.



ARROW COLLARS

CLUETT, PEABODY & CO., INC. MAKERS

Announcement

DR. A. V. ACKER
DENTAL SURGEON
Is Now Located in
BANK OF ITALY BLDG.
Rooms 302-303 Phone 648

Cuticura Soap

Best for Baby

Keep So. Ointment & So. Cream. Each mailed free by "Cuticura Dept. B. Boston."

MORE ADJUSTMENTS IN REVENUE BILL

Tax of 1 Per Cent on Incomes From \$500 to \$6000

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—Surtaxes adopted by the House on individual net incomes below \$100,000 would be lowered, and those on incomes in excess of that amount increased under amendments to the war revenue bill adopted today by the Senate finance committee.

A tax of 1 per cent would be levied on incomes between \$500 and \$6000, with an additional 1 per cent surtax for each \$2000 in excess of that amount up to \$100,000, when the rate would be 52 per cent. A gradual scale is then fixed under which a surtax of 65 per cent would be levied on net incomes exceeding \$100,000.

The change in income surtaxes was the second decided revision made in the House draft of the bill at today's session, the committee previously having voted to eliminate the alternative system of taxing war and excess profits in favor of a general rate of 80 per cent of war profits and a reduced tax on excess profits.

The revision of income surtaxes, the members of the committee said, will provide a more uniform rate scale, while the reduction in revenue will amount to less than \$25,000,000. As revised by the Senate committee, incomes of from \$100,000 to \$150,000 would pay a surtax of 52 per cent, and those between \$150,000 and \$200,000 would be taxed 56 per cent. From \$200,000 to \$300,000 the rate would be 60 per cent; \$300,000 to \$500,000, 63 per cent; \$500,000 to \$1,000,000, 64 per cent, and above \$1,000,000, 65 per cent. Compared to the House rate, this would be an increase of 6 per cent for incomes between \$100,000 and \$200,000; 8 per cent for those between \$200,000 and \$300,000; 9 per cent for those between \$300,000 and \$500,000, and 10 per cent from that amount to \$1,000,000. Under the House bill 60 per cent would be imposed on incomes between one and five million, and 65 per cent on those above the latter amount. Of the \$1,045,000,000 which the Senate committee's amendment is expected to yield, it is estimated at \$700,000,000 would be paid by persons having an income exceeding \$100,000.

In order to protect small corporations under the war profits schedule, the committee today inserted an amendment providing that in no case shall the tax be more than 35 per cent of the amount of the net income in excess of \$2000, and not in excess of \$20,000, plus 80 per cent of the amount of the net income in excess of \$20,000. This amendment, senators explained, will prevent the taxes of small corporations running up to the 80 per cent limit.

CHARGE FRAUD IN TOBACCO MARKET

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—Five tobacco corporations and a number of their officers and directors were charged in a formal complaint today by the Federal Trade commission with price discrimination in the sale of cigarettes and other tobacco products, tending to create a monopoly, unfair methods of competition, under the maintenance of interlocking directorates and illegal conscription of control of producing companies.

Those named are the Tobacco Products Corporation of Richmond, Va.; the Melachro Tobacco Trading company, New York; Schinasi Brothers, Inc., New York; the Frutkin Tobacco company, New York; the Falk Tobacco company, of Virginia, and George L. Strom, Ruben Miller, J. B. McKitterick and Leon Schluess.

The defendants were ordered to appear before the commission in Washington on December 7 to show cause why the corporation should not be required to dispose of stock held in violation of the Clayton law.

The Tobacco Products corporation, the complaint alleges, acquired all the stock and capital of the four other concerns, and also controls the Khedivial company of New York, the Standard Tobacco company, Inc., and Stefano Brothers, Inc., both of Virginia; the Nestor Giannini company of Indiana and the Suburg company of New Jersey. It is charged that the corporation with the intent of stifling competition in the manufacture and sale of tobacco products concealed its ownership and control of these corporations.

Further charges include payment of commissions under rebates to dealers who advertised products of these corporations. The corporation, it is charged, for the last six months has paid the Louis J. Liggett company, owner of about 700 small chain stores, monthly commissions equalling 5 per cent of products purchased by it and has contracted to pay this company further improper commissions.

WASTE \$100,000 TO RAISE SHIP

PAPETE, Tahiti, Sept. 11.—(By Mail.)—Seekers of treasure after spending more than \$100,000 in chartering a steamer and equipping an expedition, have discovered that the object of their quest is worthless and the money expended lost.

An iron vessel was wrecked on the shore of the island of Takarua. The same company which some years ago raised the steamer Walkure in Papete harbor dispatched a representative to report on the condition of the wreck. On the strength of this report the steamer Raymond was chartered and fitted out.

When ready for the work of salvage to commence, it was discovered that the plates on the vessel's hull were rusted through and that they could not stand the strain of an ordinary squall. All attempts at salvaging the ship had to be abandoned.

BOYS IN BLUE FOR ALASKA

ANCHORAGE, Alaska, Oct. 1.—(By Mail.)—Blue infantry will be sent by Alaska's home guard units, it is expected. Governor Thomas Riggs, Jr., of Alaska, while here recently reviewed the local company and announced that steps had been taken toward getting the uniforms.

Alaska has no territorial militia at present. It is expected that the next session of the legislature at Juneau, the capital, will convert the home guards into official bodies similar to the national guard organizations outside the state.

Governor Riggs is a private in the Juneau home guards. As governor of the territory he will be commander-in-chief of the militia if it is formed.

Dr. Howard, dentist, 601-603 Bank of Italy building.

EASTLAND WRECK CASES DISMISSED

CHICAGO, Oct. 22.—State cases in criminal court against men indicted in connection with the steamer Eastland disaster of July 24, 1915, were cleared from the dockets today. The case against Walter K. Greenbaum, general manager of the Indiana Transportation company, charterer of the boat, was dismissed on motion of the state's attorney and manslaughter charges against four officials of the St. Joseph Chicago Steamship company were dismissed with leave to restate.

Shortly after the disaster the Federal government made unsuccessful attempts to try the men, according to the state's attorney, and this resulted in the state dropping the case.

CERTIFYING HERDS

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 22.—Every dairy herd in the United States that on July 1 had been officially accredited as free from tuberculosis or that had passed successfully one test with a view to certification, is listed in a publication of the bureau of animal industry, United States Department of Agriculture, a copy of which has just been received here.

Certificates of freedom from tuberculosis are soon to be issued by the bureau of animal industry to all owners of accredited herds.

Copies of the lists are available for use of public bodies and private individuals.

DOUBLE TRAGEDY

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 22.—With bullet wounds through their heads the bodies of Mrs. Elsie Stone, 35, a widow and this little, contracting plumber in a room in Mrs. Stone's home here today. Neighbors said that little has been paying unwelcome attentions to Mrs. Stone for several months.

HUGHES TO STAY FOR PEACE MEET

MELBOURNE, Oct. 22, via Montreal.—William Morris Hughes, the Australian premier, has agreed to the request of the Australian government that he remain in London during the present discussion concerning possible peace in order to look after the interests of Australia. Acting Premier Watt announced last night in a speech at St. Kilda. It also was hoped, Mr. Watt said, that if peace should come Mr. Hughes would be able to arrange the machinery for the speedy demobilization of the Australian troops.

MANILA, P. I., Oct. 22.—The Philippine islands have more than doubled their Liberty Loan quota, with more subscriptions remaining to be tabulated, it was officially announced here.

TO SAVE PAPER

LOS ANGELES, Oct. 22.—Ice cream vendors of Los Angeles have begun a campaign to save paper. They are issuing requests to their patrons to save the cones and paper buckets in which they carry ice cream home, to wash them thoroughly and take them back to be used again when they want a new supply. To aid in the paper saving, the vendors have decided to charge 2 cents a bucket when a new container is used.

EDUCATION FOR ALASKA

NOME, Alaska, Sept. 12.—(By Mail.)—Expos in all parts of northwestern Alaska are preparing to welcome W. T. Lopp of Seattle, superintendent of the education of Alaskan natives, when he arrives here soon. Superintendent Lopp has been closely connected with the work of teaching Alaskan Eskimos for many years. According to the government teachers, many of the northern natives think Lopp ranks second in power and prestige to the President.

Standard Dry Mash

(A Balanced Ration)

Makes Hens Lay

Formula prepared by Fresno Poultry, Pigeon and Pet Stock Association.

Lactin, Scratch Food, Poultry Supplies

J. B. HILL & CO.

An Important Message Regarding the Sugar Shortage

THERE'S an old saying "It's an ill wind that blows no good!"

Everyone has been inconvenienced more or less by the sugar shortage. Many people still rely entirely on sugar for sweetening and, of course, are inconvenienced.

But thousands of housewives have not only found "a way out" during the present shortage, but have learned a thing or two that will stick forever—sugar or no sugar.

Here's a fact: Sugar only sweetens—it gives absolutely no flavor.

Brer Rabbit real New Orleans Molasses not only sweetens like sugar, but it gives

a rich, delicious flavor to all cooking and baking.

Yet **Brer Rabbit** is not a "substitute" for sugar. It is practically sugar itself. Like sugar it is made from sugar cane and contains a large amount of real sugar.

Is it not quite natural that resourceful housewives have turned to **Brer Rabbit** Molasses during the sugar shortage?

For the Children

Youngsters naturally crave molasses. Years ago sliced bread and molasses were part of the daily diet of children.

Gold Label **Brer Rabbit** Molasses gives to the child the elements the young growing body needs. **Brer Rabbit** is absolutely pure, wholesome, palatable and strengthening. Doctors will tell you what molasses and bread means to children.

Besides, it saves sugar, cuts the butter bill.

There are Two Kinds of Brer Rabbit Molasses

Both are Absolutely Pure New Orleans Molasses

GOLD LABEL Brer Rabbit is mild in flavor, light in color and is delicious for table use—as a spread for pancakes, waffles, biscuits, etc. It is especially fine for cooking, baking and candy making.

GREEN LABEL Brer Rabbit Molasses is darker in color, slightly stronger in flavor and is splendid for cooking, baking and candy making. It costs less than the **Gold Label**.

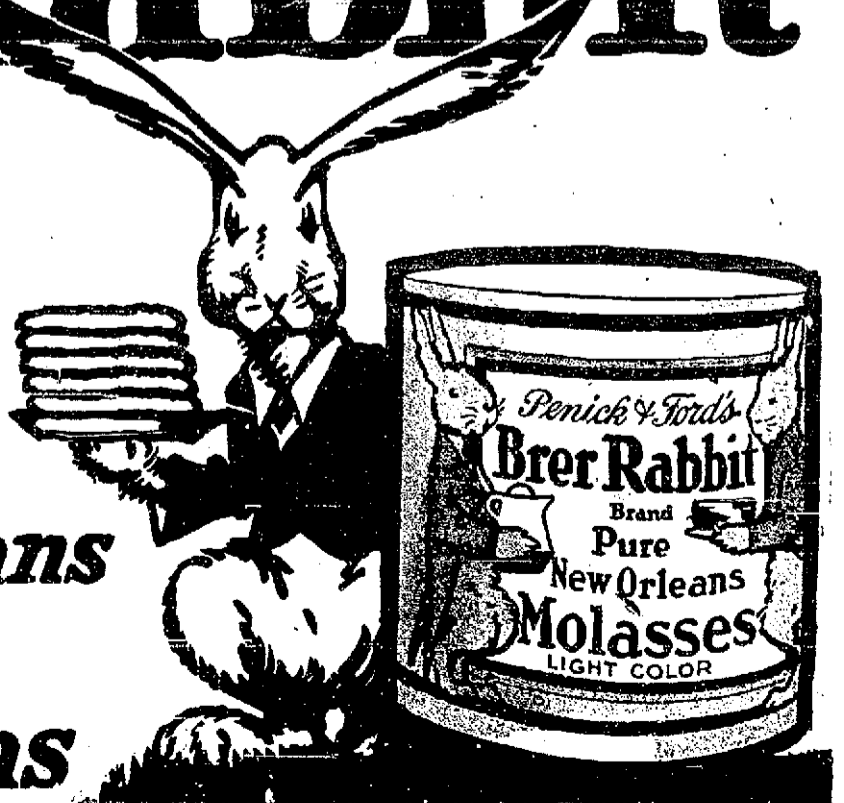
FREE Write us today for **Brer Rabbit** Cook Book of Southern Goodies. All made without sugar.

PENICK & FORD, LTD., New Orleans, La.
The World's Largest Cannery of Molasses

Brer Rabbit

PURE NEW ORLEANS MOLASSES

The real New Orleans Molasses from New Orleans



FOR THEIR COUNTRY

Roll of Those Killed or Wounded, as Announced by U. S. Government Yesterday

CALIFORNIANS.

KILLED IN ACTION.

CORP. ANTHONY GORSKY, 1910 Oak St., Pasadena, Cal.

CORP. ERNEST E. GUIDO, 1401 East Oakland, Cal.

MISSING IN ACTION.

PRI. FRANK J. GABRIEL, 4617 M St., Sacramento, Cal.

PRI. HARRY HUBERT HOVEY, 129 Franklin St., Los Angeles, Cal.

PRI. JANEIRO SOUZA, Point Reyes, Cal.

PRI. SILVIO JUNE LUSARDI, 664 Pac. St., San Jose, Cal.

WOUNDED SEVERELY.

PRI. GEORGE W. NORTON, Monroe, Cal.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

PRI. LUTHER W. GREGG, 3227 Malabar St., Los Angeles, Cal.

PRI. ROBERT C. McLAUGHLIN, 121 Centro, Cal.

PRI. THOS. TUCKER, 121 Centro, Cal.

WOUNDED—DEGREE UNDETERMINED

PRI. NICK GASSOUMIS, 435 7th St., Oakland, Cal.

PRI. CHARLES A. MISLOV, 121 Centro, Cal.

PRI. MARTIN ANDERSON, 121 Centro, Cal.

PRI. ARCHIE OLIVER BROWN, 324 S. Gordon St., Visalia, Cal.

PRI. DANIEL NARVES, 344 N. 13th St., San Jose, Cal.

PRI. DALLAS E. PREBLE, 619 Van Ness Ave., Santa Ana, Cal.

PRI. COLOMBO STARICO, 1223 Ninth St., Alameda, Cal.

PRI. WAGONER W. A. BELL, 1223 Ninth St., Alameda, Cal.

DIED OF DISEASE.

PRI. CLYDE O. HEMPHILL, Blue Lake, Cal.

The following casualties are reported by the commanding general of the American expeditionary forces:

Killed in action 140

Wounded severely 118

Wounded slightly 150

Died of accident and other causes 9

Died of wounds 60

Died of disease 137

Wounded, degree undetermined 467

Died from airplane accidents 1

Total 1219

Section One, Army List

KILLED IN ACTION.

Lieutenants

Jacob Feldman, Merchantville, N. J.

Thomas D. Lake, Jr., Laurens, S. C.

Harold E. Lott, Ocala, Mich.

William K. Praxton, Fenton, Del.

Purvey R. Preston, Denver, Colo.

Sergeants

John Edward Hadley, Pittsburg, Pa.

Archibald Schaffer, Allentown, Pa.

Fred W. Smith, Iowa, Kas.

Gerrit Smith, Grand Rapids, Mich.

Roy S. Butzlin, Mendota, Mont.

James L. Carmichael, New York, N. Y.

Keith W. Howat, Pittsburg, Pa.

Robert L. McClain, Montana, Kas.

Corporals

Frank J. Brackenman, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Glen Crowe, Hicksville, Ohio.

Edward W. J. Lusitka, Milwaukee, Wis.

Harold S. Murphy, Housatonic, Mass.

Geo. W. Hobbart, Jersey City, N. J.

Frederick L. Cooney, Rockford, Ill.

Michael A. Hughes, Jersey City, N. J.

Wagoners

Sanford Svedson, Kanawaka, Iowa.

Mechanics

Henry J. Schumacher, New York, N. Y.

Privates

G. Aliperti, Caserta, Scialano, Italy.

Stanley H. Bergstrom, Clinton, Minn.

John Brown, New York, N. Y.

Roy Livingston Burns, Port Chester, N. Y.

William R. Burt, Cornwall, England.

Timothy J. Callaghan, Gortinshead, Ireland.

William W. Cocker, Norfolk, Va.

John E. Coleman, Rush, Texas.

John C. Eckman, Gatesburg, Ill.

Alonso Finch, Linwood, Utah.

Orion B. Foster, Rogers, Texas.

Christian F. Giedel, Collegepoint, N. Y.

David P. Gittens, Lake Crescent, Minn.

Clifford W. Gobel, Michigan, Texas.

Isidore Goldberg, Baltimore, Md.

Dewey S. Green, Unionville, Conn.

Herman P. Handy, Salisbury, Md.

John E. Haggard, Rockford, Ill.

Martin Luther Hoff, Hildesheim, Neb.

Dimitris H. Huff, Bertram, Texas.

Joseph N. Klewe, Morris Run, Pa.

August W. Kemmer, Newark, N. J.

Andrew H. Klein, Pittsburg, Pa.

Adolph H. Klomer, Lyle, Minn.

Paul Miatron, Chicago, Ill.

H. C. Minnick, Lambert, Minn.

Michael Morgan, Hoboken, N. J.

Thomas W. Myers, Taratum, Pa.

Walter Oeyninski, Gubernia, Lulea, Sweden.

Leon P. Pierce, Milton, Pa.

John Quella, Groce, Okla.

Frank Remo, Camerons, Marche, Italy.

Henry Reuter, Valley Mills, Texas.

Fred Julius Tice, Orange Grove, Tex.

Frederick E. Ballard, Ludlow, Va.

George Bantz, McKean, Texas.

Harry W. Beavers, Milano, Texas.

Ild, Boon, Cicco, Texas.

John E. Box, Creekola, Okla.

John Lee Burley, Amherst, Virginia.

Guy L. Crawford, Roper, Okla.

Samson D. Dodrill, Webster Springs, W. Va.

Allie B. Dyke, New Tuxton, Mo.

Walter J. Fournier, McKees Rocks, Pa.

Arthur W. Fritch, Deckerville, Mich.

Gabe Gutterman, Swink, Colo.

Abe Harris, Clearfield, Pa.

Harold M. Jordan, Abilene, Kansas.

Harry H. Keane, St. Louis, Mo.

Benjamin Klaben, New York, N. Y.

Wilber C. Kopp, Princeton, Ill.

Joseph Kuehn, Tarkenton, Ill.

Arthur E. Richards, Kansas, Ill.

George E. Troxell, Gallatin, Pa.

Dominic Venier, Gradisca di Sedeg, Italy.

Michael O. Bell, Pittsburg, Pa.

Jacob Bell, Pittsburg, Pa.

Harry E. Bowler, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Arthur W. Boyd, Aurora, Ill.

Joseph H. Brady, Philadelphia, Pa.

Ray Brooks, Winton, Pa.

Ernest O. Clark, Beaumont, Texas.

Harold E. Conway, Portland, N. Y.

Howard A. Fischer, Philadelphia, Pa.

William V. Gill, Jeannette, Pa.

Mark Goode, Nashville, Tenn.

Harrison H. Hildreth, Dola, W. Va.

Otis L. Hillman, Anderson, Ind.

Alexander J. Hilton, Crystal Springs, Miss.

Domenico Lant, Potenza, Italy.

John Lee, New York, N. Y.

Mike Lambert, Jeannette, Pa.

Frank D. Mingo, Geart, Okla.

Joseph Purdus, Gallatin, W. Va.

Charles H. Shriver, Philadelphia, Pa.

John Sullivan, Kenmore, County Kerry, Ireland.

MISSING IN ACTION

Lieutenants

Fred Philbrick, Fullerton, Neb.

Alfred A. L. Young, Pittsburg, Pa.

Corporals

George J. Krava, Leavenworth, Kan.

Allan Hector Milan, Gloucester, Mass.

Privates

Earl J. Spalding, Akron, O.

Mechanics

Frank W. Brady, Scranton, Pa.

Coow Walter Hill, Philadelphia, Pa.

Privates

Ray M. Aherns, Chicago, Ill.

Richard A. Ahlstrom, St. Louis, Mo.

Peter Bauman, Ancon, Pa.

James J. Belle, Alexandria, La.

B. Brannan, Clinton, Ind.

Luciano Caporaso, Bioneveto, Italy.

John J. Carr, Briggsville, Wis.

Orrie Albert Clark, Phelps, N. Y.

H. J. Crawford, Grand, Va.

Theodore C. Dale, Scranton, Pa.

Herman Davis, Marion, Mo.

Fred Deanna, Richmond, O.

Wm. E. Dooley, Bridgeport, Conn.

Martin J. Ewald, Beatrice, Neb.

Leo Feld, New York, N. Y.

Joe Graco, Alhira, Italy.

Joe D. Hoffman, Grand, Va.

Calvin Jackson, Olney, Ky.

Harry J. Johnson, Chicago, Ill.

George T. Kelley, Lowell, Mass.

Pat Kinzer, Columbia, Tenn.

David H. Koontz, Oklahoma City, Okla.

Wm. S. Lindsay, Portland Mills, Pa.

Edward C. Lovings, Sedalia, Mo.

Wm. F. Loubey, Flint Hill, Mo.

Don Mahoney, Sedalia, Mo.

Stanley Majeski, Chicago, Ill.

Roy Massey, Britton, S. D.

Fred Matassa, Granite, Mass.

Garrett Oeymer Neal, Marionville, Mo.

Olaf Olson, Odessa, Minn.

George V. Parr, Alabama City, Ala.

Samuel R. Robinson, Boston, Ga.

Joseph Rogers, Guaymas, Okla.

Lewis E. Schmitt, Grubbs, Ark.

George Shurtz, Joplin, Pa.

Henry Shumaker, New York, N. Y.

Lyman M. Smith, Hopkinton, Ia.

Harry Nield Stone, Camp Hill, Pa.

James T. Todd, Fort Springs, Ark.

Frank G. Toth, Hillsboro, O.

Edward E. Trenchard, Ohio.

John P. Barker, Rock Island, Ill.

Bonjamin Berkowitz, Cleveland, O.

Herman Warner Bohler, Chicago, Ill.

Hubert H. Bratton, Guaymas, Okla.

Joseph Bunatia, New York, N. Y.

Owen J. Davis, Grady, N. M.

Arthur Franklin, Wilder, Ky.

Frederick Geiger, Burlington, Ia.

Andrew Golik, Detroit, Mich.

Robert Mills Hefflinger, Carlisle, Pa.

Jim Jacks, Cleveland, Ark.

John J. Joda, Fairbury, Ill.

Homer Robert Little, Dartington, Ind.

A. McCulloch, Buffalo, N. Y.

Joseph R. Medlin, Louisville, N. C.

George David Rice, Wheeler, Okla.

Wm. V. Rodgers, Philadelphia, Pa.

Roland E. Swain, Decatur, Ill.

Barney L. Walker, Georgetown, Tex.

Clarence Edward Warner, Scranton, Pa.

WOUNDED SEVERELY IN ACTION

Lieutenants

Captain Emil Rolf, Mankato, Minn.

John Franklin Allison, Riverton, Tenn.

H. Hamill Anderson, Atchison, Kas.

Lew E. Feustel, Portland, Ore.

Howard A. Mathews, Tulsa, Okla.

Sergeants

Walter E. Johnson, Chicago, Ill.

Milton Mikich, Detroit, Mich.

Edgar W. Snyder, Mullinville, Kas.

Corporals

Clifford A. Cole, Jackson, Mich.

James E. Hayes, Kesters, Pa.

Joseph W. Easton, Connelville, Pa.

Gilbert Wilson, Paint Lick, Ky.

Anthony P. Glebas, Chicago, Ill.

Wm. B. McCrady, Brewster, N. Y.

James A. Marza, Marshallfield, Wis.

Charles Schumacher, New York, N. Y.

Mechanics

Harold Oakley, Rhinebeck, N. Y.

Chester A. Latchford, Newport, Pa.

John H. Norvell, Saratoga, Tex.

Wagoners

Albert B. Reese, Youngstown, O.

Albert Vendetti, Del Liri, Italy.

Privates

Ora Y. Adair, St. Louis, Mo.

Stephen Alkanos, New York, N. Y.

Sam Barr, Cessmer, Ala.

Wm. L. Beal, E. St. Louis, Ill.

Clarence Edward Beltz, Mahanoy City, Pa.

Clifton Beville, Dallas, Tex.

Louis A. Crader, Spring Mills, Pa.

Vern R. Dunagan, Salom, Ia.

James F. Fuller, Meridian, Ida.

Jesse L. Graham, Middletown, N. Y.

Vincent Graziani, New York, N. Y.

Hanson D. Birmingham, Ala.

Thomas L. Hurley, Marion, O.

Frank J. Kozisek, Beroun, Minn.

Oscar M. Larson, Rosholt, S. D.

Robert W. Laughlin, Kearny, Neb.

Walter David Livesy, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Joseph E. McNally, Dubuque, Ia.

Howard E. Necker, Baltimore, Md.

James A. Odonnell, Palmer, Kas.

Frank Ruefter, Teutopolis, Ill.

Moe Sachs, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Domenico Saponieri, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Ralph M. Sheppard, Hoffman, Minn.

Arthur F. Smith, Cincinnati, O.

Rudolph Stockbridge, Hermitage, Pa.

Harry O. Songer, Severy, Kas.

Harry L. Spitzberg, St. Louis, Mo.

Clayborn Y. Springer, Summer, Miss.

George W. Stanford, Shamrock, Tex.

Ollie L. Stanpton, Hamilton, Kan.

Clarence Lee Stewart, Vernon, Pa.

Percy Dalton Stewart, Brownsville, Pa.

Elmer Taylor, Cincinnati, O.

Camille M. Turner, La Follette, Tenn.

James W. Williams, Macon, Mo.

Roderick H. Work, Brookline, Mass.

Morris Gutterman, New York, N. Y.

Jesse A. Harrell, Holland, Va.

Wendell P. Harrison, Alton, Pa.

Ivan Hemminger, Wilkes, Wis.

Wm. J. Johnson, Syracuse, N. Y.

Taylor Z. Lutterell, Larn, Ky.

Solitaire MUI, Quincy, Mass.

Roy A. Mowers, Seattle, Wash.

John C. Porter, Tacoma, Wash.

Vincent Profeta, Philadelphia, Pa.

Arthur M. Schibbe, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Elvin Scott, Gloversville, N. Y.

Harry James Shimp, Harrisburg, Pa.

Frank George Siminski, Saginaw, Mich.

Ray Smith, Martelle, Iowa.

John Snopce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Paul J. Stewart, Chicago, Ill.

Alvin Leroy Story, Lebanon, Kans.

Henry Lambert Swanson, Chicago, Ill.

Stanley Szawezik, Lublin Poland, Russia.

Albion C. Thomas, Chicago, Ill.

Clare Wakeland, Millersburg, Ill.

William L. Welsh, Lawrence, Mass.

Wm. C. Youngkin, Cambridge, Pa.

John P. Amodeo, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Charles R. Ash, Brooklyn, N. Y.

FOR THEIR COUNTRY

Roll of Those Killed or Wounded, as Announced by U. S. Government Yesterday

Joseph S. McAdoo, Reynoldsville, Pa.
Corporals
 Lorenzo E. Spoor, Levering, Mich.
 Jack A. Swafford, More, Texas.
Privates
 Thomas Catron, Pottsville, Pa.
 Wm. Crotty, Marion, Ohio.
 Chas. A. Dixon, Ralston, Wash.
 Dewey Dullon, Bruce, La.
 Merritt B. Durham, Blue Mountain, Miss.
 Jas. F. Ellis, Hackleburg, Ala.
 Theophil Fanguy, Dulac, Ala.
 Milton C. Fisher, Prattville, Ala.
 Roy Hanover, English, Ind.
 Oscar R. Heigerson, Elva, Wis.
 Myrl Darwin Hopfinger, White Pigeon, Mich.
 Jess Hurley, Ridge, Mont.
 Peter Laurusa, Johnstown, Pa.
 Carl Clarence Leslie, Alva, Okla.
 Albert George Littlefield, Medina, N. Y.
 Geo. Loeffler, Jr., Brooklyn, N. Y.
 Charles F. Lufen, East St. Louis, Mo.
 Joseph Loyhanna, Philadelphia, Pa.
 Geo. Edward McClintock, Kellottsville, Pa.
 Alvin McFarland, Cloe Springs, Okla.
 Nathan J. Miers, De Ridder, La.
 Jas. Morris, Pottsville, Pa.
 Eugene O'Leary, Cleveland, Ohio.
 Frank Metz, Pottsville, Pa.
 Carl Richmond, Gardners, Pa.
 Frederick F. Roeding, Brooklyn, N. Y.
 Thomas Ruzo, Taverna Catonzo, Italy.
Wounded Severely
 Captain Joseph T. Watson, Lake Place, N. Y.
Corporals
 Lawrence Blinton, Birmingham, Ala.
 Lewis Jones, Carrington, Okla.
Privates
 Kenneth C. Dodderidge, White City, Wis.
 Gordon Fuller, Ana, Ala.
 Leon F. Goodwin, Dexter, Maine.
 John Kerr, Mammoth, Cal.
 Harry Kramer, Chicago, Ill.
 Jeremiah T. O'Brien, Carleton, Pa.
 William Osborne, Olney, Okla.
 Robert W. Owens, Steedman, Okla.
 Elmer J. Powers, Youngstown, Ohio.
 Charles F. Shoemaker, Grand Rapids, Mich.
 Leroy Andrew Weiborn, Astell, Kas.
 Jas. A. Wells, Decatur, Ill.
 Paul G. Wilson, Centralia, Okla.
DIED FROM ACCIDENT AND OTHER CAUSES
 Sergeant James Watson, Ft. Wood, N. Y.
 Mechanic Jerry LaGrassa, Passiac, N. J.
 Horseshoer Joseph Walsh, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Privates
 Frank Binanti, Passiac, N. J.
 John Orwick, Milwaukee, Wis.
 Felmon Hentner, Marysville, S. C.
DIED OF WOUNDS
Corporals
 Lovell C. Small, Plymouth, Mass.
 Arthur F. Turner, Grantsburg, Ind.
 John N. Williams, Chicago Heights, Ill.
Privates
 Raymond Chester Brumbaugh, Coles Summit, Pa.
 Hurvick Cook, Mabon, W. Va.
 John F. Knehan, Scranton, Pa.
 Charles Moore, Mendeville, Miss.
 Joseph Roudnicki, Milltown, N. J.
 John Lawrence Wallace, Jersey City, N. J.
 Charles Wacha, Cleveland, Ohio.
WOUNDED—(DEGREE UNDETERMINED)
Captains
 John M. Gentner, Philadelphia, Pa.
 Thomas A. Mosely, Dallas, Texas.
 Julius Leigh Walcott, Birmingham, Ala.
Lieutenants
 Joseph A. Castro, Danbury, Conn.
 Alan R. Lohle, Bridgton, Me.
 Oliver W. Hammond, Port Chester, N. Y.
 Henry C. Hobbs, Somerville, Mass.
 Harry J. Kulp, Norristown, Pa.
 John H. Liscarski, Philadelphia, Pa.
 Windsor Smith, Buffalo, Pa.
Sergeants
 Walter Robert New Britain, Conn.
 James J. Dorney, McKeesport, Pa.
 James L. Fulton, Danville, Pa.
 William E. Frederick, Sharpsburg, Pa.
Privates
 John P. Greene, Philadelphia, Pa.
 William S. Grim, Friends, W. Va.
 William H. Hanbrick, Huntville, Ala.
 Wilmer W. Hartman, Philadelphia, Pa.
 Christian Heister, Pottsville, Pa.
 Roy D. Hitechock, East Hampton, Conn.
 Edward Hornung, Corona, N. Y.
 Winthrop E. Hubbell, Enosburg Falls, Vt.
 George C. Huber, Scranton, Pa.
 Floyd C. Johnson, Alliance, O.
 William S. Joyson, Philadelphia, Pa.
 Joseph D. Keiner, Philadelphia, Pa.
 George D. Laval, White River Jet, Vt.
 Monroe E. Link, Terre Haute, Ind.
 Edward Livesey, Newburyport, Mass.
 Fred K. Longsdorf, Williamsport, Pa.
 Marvin E. Lester, Naples, Texas.
 Frank R. Moore, Philadelphia, Pa.
 Harold Miller, Reading, Pa.
 Charles J. Oppermann, Jopora, Pa.
 Joseph Payne, Chester, Pa.
 Thomas Renwick, Schenectady, N. Y.
 Dolly A. Smith, Bloomburg, Pa.
 John J. Sullivan, East Boston, Mass.
 Otto Wolf, Brooklyn, Pa.
Corporals
 Charles W. Bleakney, Rose Point, Pa.
Privates
 Will Bolting, Butler Springs, Ala.
 Charles C. Breman, Harrisburg, Pa.
 Michael Buckwich, Wilkesbarre, Pa.
 John J. Callahan, Uddington, Scotland.
 George T. Campbell, Barnesboro, Pa.
 William L. Callahan, Newark, N. J.
 Frank R. Couch, Chester, Pa.
 Morris Cohen, Philadelphia, Pa.
 David J. Collins, Pottsville, R. I.
 Hugh J. Cook, Philadelphia, Pa.
 Harold D. Miller, Clarke Summit, Pa.
 William L. Corwell, Philadelphia, Pa.
 Robert J. Creely, Scranton, Pa.
 Joseph L. Fleming, Philadelphia, Pa.
 John Franco, Philadelphia, Pa.
 Anthony Grinde, Philadelphia, Pa.
 Edward Griffith, Jefferson, S. C.
 George H. Hafner, Philadelphia, Pa.
 Harry H. Harrington, Berwick, Pa.
 Oscar F. Harwood, Ryle, Texas.
 Joseph L. Hoover, Lexington, Ohio.
 Walter G. Hunt, Brighton, Ill.
 Richard A. Kavanaugh, Covington, Ky.
 Francis McLaughlin, New York, Pa.
 Charles A. McLean, Philadelphia, Pa.
 Frank Martin, Philadelphia, Pa.
 Horace F. Mason, Des Moines, Ala.
 Philip Paterson, Philadelphia, Pa.
 William M. Sanger, Philadelphia, Pa.
 James McGowan Shearer, New Bloomfield, Pa.
 Levi A. Sietri, Berwick, Pa.
 Calvin O. Sterner, New Ringgold, Pa.
 Fred K. J. Street, Rochester, N. Y.
 Lester Vance, Brooklyn, Pa.
 Madison J. Williams, Selma, Ala.
 Buglers
 William J. Foss, Scranton, Pa.
 Charles N. Watson, Wilton, N. C.

Clifford M. Morrow, Kansas City, Mo.
 John J. Morrow, Philadelphia, Pa.
 Mark B. Moss, Hingham, Okla.
 Dewey Moss, Boyles, Ala.
 George A. Mulhern, Wilkes-Barre, Pa.
 James F. Munley, Archibald, Pa.
 Robert J. Murphy, Philadelphia, Pa.
 Emil J. Nelson, Princeton, Minn.
 Allen Nobles, Lacey Springs, Ala.
 Rola Noel, Freedom, Ind.
 Joseph P. O'Brien, Providence, R. I.
 Edward O'Byrne, Carbondale, Pa.
 Holman O'Brien, Perth Amboy, N. J.
 Clyde H. Ostrander, Thompson, O.
 Harvey Parker, Buffalo Valley, Tenn.
 John H. Paul, Mechanicsburg, Pa.
 Albert H. Peacor, Ballows Falls, N. Y.
 Harry Personick, New York, N. Y.
 Andrew Pines, Shamokin, Pa.
 Adolph P. Pohl, South Boston, Mass.
 Clyde F. Porterfield, Thomasville, Ala.
 Peter Povalluck, Mahanoy City, Pa.
 Llewellyn R. Price, Bryn Athyn, Pa.
 John S. Pulley, Centerville, Mo.
 John E. Quinn, Baltimore, Md.
 Jules Raitow, Terryville, Conn.
 George L. Reece, Atlanta, Ga.
 James J. Reilly, Bloomsburg, Pa.
 Ben Richards, Scranton, Pa.
 George W. Rinehart, Ridley Park, Pa.
 John R. Roche, Philadelphia, Pa.
 Wm. Rudy, Gleason, Pa.
 Jack M. Saslaw, New York, N. Y.
 Eugene St. Louis, Burlington, Vt.
 Jesse E. Sepulveda, Reno, Nev.
 Alvin A. Shaffer, Lockhaven, Pa.
 Samuel D. Shanks, Limerick, Pa.
 Walter C. Schultz, Dallas, Tex.
 Samuel G. Siskin, New Haven, Conn.
 Christian Skow, Omaha, Neb.
 Victor L. Stuart, Troy, Ala.
 James Smith, Wisconsin, Pa.
 Joseph L. Smith, Wakefield, Mass.
 Ralph Clayton Smith, Salt Lake, Utah.
 Irving B. Snader, North Cambridge, Mass.
 James T. Snow, Monroeville, Ala.
 Edward B. Southern, Kokomo, Ind.
 Stanley Slavovick, Dulais, Pa.
 Joe Stevens, Bonaparte, La.
 Wm. Stump, Putnam Station, Va.
 Herman C. E. Swift, Alexandria, Ind.
 Wm. J. Tarver, Annapolis, Md.
 Joseph T. Tauter, New Iberia, La.
 Fred H. Thomas, Ozark, Ala.
 Rola L. Tibbitts, Monett, Mo.
 Nela Torkelson, N. Minneapolis, Minn.
 Peter Tripodi, Avella, Pa.
 Jas. Turner, Gunterville, Ala.
 Gordon Carl Ulrich, Ponder, Mo.
 Sebastiano Uzzano, Philadelphia, Pa.
 Cesare Vagani, Hartford, Conn.
 Wm. P. Vaughn, Polio, Ala.
 Edmund J. Vincent, Manchester, N. H.
 Joe B. Walker, West Point, Ga.
 Thos. Walsh, Millmash, County Mayo, Ireland.
 Jns. Watkins, Pittsburg, Pa.
 Dewey Watson, Columbia, Ga.
 Richard Walters, Norristown, Pa.
 Clair E. Wechter, Reading, Pa.
 Wm. A. Welton, Chicago, Ill.
 Howard Wertz, Schuylkill, Pa.
 Wm. Wisniewski, Jr., Joliet, Ill.
 Clarence I. Wommer, Schuylkill, Pa.
 Fisker Woodham, Noma, Pa.
 Alfred C. Young, Jr., Philadelphia, Pa.

DIED OF DISEASE
 Major Clarence Fainstock, New York.
 Sgt. Charles A. Emerson, Douglas, Ark.
Corporals
 Edward Costello, Lawrence, Mass.
 Francis Hawthorne, Newport, Ark.
 Mechanic Charles W. Stoops, Midvale, Pa.
 Waggoner Albert H. Gavigan, Canton, Mass.
Cooks
 Lloyd F. Emerson, Lebanon, N. H.
 Willie F. Sharp, Blythehood, S. C.

Privates
 Walter Altman, Odessa, Russia.
 Paul Curtis Belames, Bellville, Kas.
 Wm. E. Bennett, Pittsburg, Pa.
 Henry C. Beyer, Chicago, Ill.
 Wm. L. Curtis, Clearwater, Fla.
 Norman B. Daniel, Manor, Ga.
 Bernard Ditman, St. Paul, Minn.
 Addie Duffield, Chico, Calhoun, Co., W. Va.
 Allen Duke, Abbeville, Miss.
 Roy O. Durham, Burning, Neb.
 Richard J. Gray, Tecumseh, Conn.
 Lawrence Green, Batesville, Miss.
 Charlie E. Greer, Broughton, Ill.
 Wm. August Haffner, Bucyrus, Ohio.
 Baxter Hicks, Blossom, Texas.
 Roy Hill, Licking, Mo.
 Henry Hollidrop, Sawyer, Wis.
 John H. Hornbuckle, Appleton, Wis.
 Leo A. Hopkins, Scranton, Pa.
 Chas. R. Hotard, Montegut, La.
 Robt. L. James, Elmont, Va.
 Sam Kennedy, New Cambria, Mo.
 Joe Richard Kuzman, Albion, Neb.
 Max Lax, Chicago, Ill.
 George Lewis, Elmira, Pa.
 Emil Lehn, Hickston, Wis.
 Wm. Mead, Marsville, Mich.
 Fred W. A. Miller, Iverson, Conn.
 Reuben A. Miller, Cody, Wyo.
 Chas. A. Moran, New York, N. Y.
 Samuel I. Murray, Whiteville, Mass.
 George Norris, Winfree, Ark.
 Joseph R. Pace, Fullerton, La.
 John Parker, Glenburnie, Md.
 Jas C. Pritchard, New York, N. Y.
 Bryan H. Reis, Philadelphia, Pa.
 Claude B. Reinken, Pa.
 Lyle T. Sloan, Pendleton, Ore.
 Jesse I. Smart, Oldfield, La.
 Chas. R. Smith, New York, N. Y.
 Willie Smith, Cottonplant, Miss.
 Carl S. Sengred, Saco, Me.
 J. J. Williams, Chesapeake, City, Md.
 Chas. Wilson, Washington, D. C.
 Otto H. Zager, Kalona, Ia.

PRISONERS
 Lieut. Edw. W. Gray, Richmond, Ky.
Privates
 Chas. W. Adcock, Brownville, Fla.
 Arthur E. Borch, Philadelphia, Pa.
 John L. Burr, Washington, Pa.
 Jefferson N. Craig, Newcastle, Pa.
 Nicola Dinocora, Newark, N. J.
 Myron E. Dixon, Brooklyn, N. Y.
 Andrew Dorokowicz, Wilna, Miletyay, Russia.
 Benj. Fenner, Oosting, N. Y.
 Wm. P. Griffith, Shinnston, W. Va.
 Karl Hoffman, New Haven, Conn.
 Ronald McRae, Farmington, N. M.
 Elmer Morris, Troy, Kas.
 Alex. Nowelsky, Newark, N. J.
 Homer Reeves, Lanes, Miss.
 Joe Rogers, Jr., Scranton, Pa.
 Efran Salazar, Espanola, N. M.
 Alfred Sather, Koenigsstrom Thondhem, Norway.
 Antonia Turco, Castelle Morvie Carnobawa, Italy.
 Stanley Wisniefky, Mount Carmel, Pa.
 John Suchuck, East Port Chester, Conn.
 Ernest B. Swearingen, Roseville, Kans.
 Chas. C. Tatum, Talking Rock, Ga.
 Wm. Thomas, Wyoming, Del.
 Emanuel Truman, Aris, S. D.
 Sam A. Want, Fulton, Mo.
 Luther Whitfield, Veto, Ala.
 Earl Williamson, Bridgeport, Vt.
 J. R. Williams, Frankfort, Ill.
 John Wright, Jonesburg, Mo.
 Jack Kelly, Cortez, Colo.

DIED FROM WOUNDS RECEIVED IN ACTION
 Lt. Harvey C. Binger, Paola, Kans.
Sergeants
 Ambrose C. Karcher, West Etina, Pa.
 Vernon Christopher Parr, Norfolk, Va.
 Fred Worther, Jerseyville, Ill.

Corporals
 Olin Hayes, Dallas, Ore.
 Dan Bryan Jacobs, Smithland, Iowa.
 Peter Rohleder, Unionport, N. Y.
 Hugo C. Weden, Whitehouse Sta., N. J.
Privates
 Henry Bogdajewicz, Madison, Wis.
 Jos. A. Bodamore, Englewood, N. J.
 John Clinch, Westron Kechowoo Gahnia Gnodon, Poland.
 Rufus E. Coleman, Cairo, Ga.
 Lawrence Delaney, Philadelphia, Pa.
 William Dornick, Westfield, N. J.
 Horace K. Duffy, Rockland, Maine.
 Alva O. Dyson, Marble City, Okla.

INCREASE MARINE RECRUITING STAFF

The Fresno marine recruiting station at 1040 I street has received an addition to the recruiting staff in the person of Sergeant W. E. Belway, who will assist Sergeant M. Abby, who has been in charge of the office for the past year.

Sergeant Belway entered the marines in 1908 and served during the Cuban troubles in 1898. He has cruised from the Pacific to the Atlantic coast.

The officers in charge of the station state that men who have reached the age of 18 years since September 12 may be examined at the station in San Francisco immediately in the event of their passing the local examination. Registered men, it is announced may be inducted into the marine corps by presenting their serial numbers to the officers in charge.

Sergeant Abby reports that there has been a stream of applicants for enlistment. Howard Tripp, who reached his 18th birthday since the last registration, was accepted at the local office on Monday and sent to San Francisco. Others accepted are Arthur T. Pearson, boy's secretary of the Fresno Y. M. C. A.; Lloyd Moore of Selma; John Swan of Del Rey; Delmar F. Owen of Fresno and Boyd G. Looney of Selma. These candidates, Sergeant Abby states, are now awaiting authority for their induction into the marines to come from Washington. When this arrives they will be released by the local boards, Abby states, and forwarded to San Francisco.

EIGHT NURSES OFFER SERVICES

Eight nurses volunteered their services yesterday to care for influenza patients at the county hospital in response to an appeal made by Dr. Morgan to the local Red Cross Society, according to Mrs. H. E. Patterson, in charge of the work. She was assisted by Mrs. Hugo Donau, adjutant of the Red Cross motor service corps. The appeal was made for twenty, but only eight were obtained by evening.

James Farr, Burlington, Vt.
 Clarence Leo Hietle, Chambersburg, Pa.
 Jesse Jay-Bolatusha, Miss.
 Olaf M. Johnson, Maynard, Minn.
 Louis Karpata, Philadelphia, Pa.
 Raymond L. Lamm, Newcastle, Pa.
 Clarence W. Low, Glass Co., N. Y.
 J. McGrath, Chicago, Ill.
 Jesse Herbert Marston, South Orlington, N. H.
 W. B. Melton, Carolyn, N. C.
 Henry R. Meyer, Jamaica, N. Y.
 Leo B. Metzger, Jefferson, S. C.
 Leroy C. Nedderson, Des Moines, Ia.
 Ole Orntstad, Emmus, Minn.
 Henry C. Pauley, Cerro Gordo, Ark.
 Michael I. Peters, East Peru, Ia.
 Earl F. Phillips, St. Mo.
 Walter Edward Ruber, Pewhattan, Kans.
 Clifford A. Sheppard, Mt. Pleasant, Pa.
 Jesse T. Todd, Winston, Ind.
 Secol B. Warsawsky, Chicago, Ill.

HOLD MADSEN FUNERAL
 The funeral of Theodore Madsen, local rancher, who died on Sunday at Reno, Nev., of influenza, will be held at 2 o'clock today at the cemetery. He was 28 years old and is survived by the widow and his parents.

SOUL STOMACH
 Can be relieved with one dose of M. A. C. The best remedy for dyspepsia and constipation. At all druggists and Smith Bros. Drug Store.

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MUSICAL CLUB WILL FEATURE GRAVEURE

Noted Belgian Baritone To Appear on Season's Concert Series



GRAVEURE, Favored Baritone Who Will Sing on Musical Club's Series.

During his career Louis Graveure, the Belgian baritone who comes to Fresno again as a Musical Club attraction, has been twice a singer. When he first started on a professional career everything went along rosy and bright until he contracted a heavy cold which resulted in pneumonia, and left him without any voice. Being assured by physicians that his singing days were over, Graveure did not throw down the gamut of life and say to himself "I am done for, now and forever," but bravely faced the future like a man.

In order to get away from musical surroundings and all that would bring up sad memories, he sailed for Africa with hopes of regaining his fortune, which was lost during his illness. He landed at Cap Town, thence proceeded to Kimberley, hoping for a lucky strike in the diamond fields. But diamonds were not so easily found, and after losing what little money he had, he was forced to seek such employment as came handy. Farming was the first to come his way so for two years he followed the honorable occupation as a son of the soil. With his little savings he journeyed to Johannesburg and by successful speculations regained part of his fortune.

His next trip found him in Canada. It was there he regained his voice. Again his fondest hopes were realized when he became convinced he was again ready for the concert field he came to New York. His triumphs on the concert stage soon put him into a class ranking with the best singers of the day. It is doubtful if any singer ever came to America who has so quickly leaped into fame as Louis Graveure.

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 Can be relieved with one dose of M. A. C. The best remedy for dyspepsia and constipation. At all druggists and Smith Bros. Drug Store.

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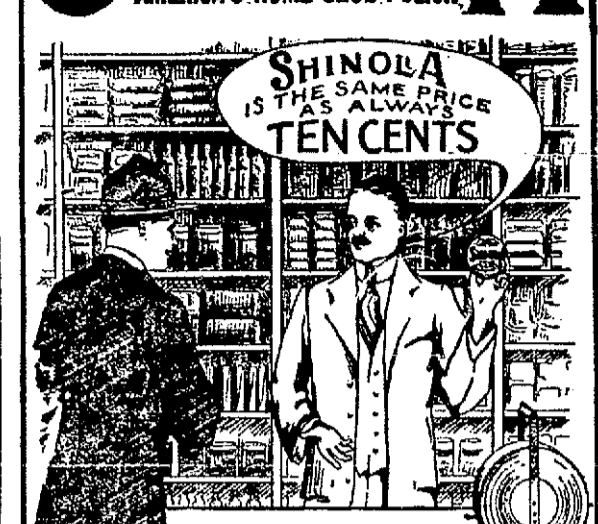
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SHINOLA



LARGE quantities of SHINOLA are purchased by the Government to be sold to the Soldiers and Sailors.

We aim to make SHINOLA cost the men serving their country and the public back of the men, as little as possible.

War conditions turn men's heads to profit making. We believe friends and users are more valuable than the profit of the moment. That is why you can buy SHINOLA at the same price as always.

BLACK - TAN - WHITE - RED - BROWN

SAME QUALITY PRICE AS ALWAYS SIZE BOX

TEN CENTS

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At the touch of a match

Perfection Oil Heater instantly glows with cheerful, cozy warmth.

No smoke or odor.

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ORDERS CHILDREN BE KEPT AT HOME

HANFORD, Oct. 25.—With fourteen new cases of Spanish influenza developing within the past thirty-six hours and a total of forty-six cases now on record, health officials of the city and county are tightening daily their lines of offensive against the malady. Late Monday night, after a

long conference, the city health board added to the order directing the closing of schools issued Saturday, a clause which was directed to parents, demanding that they keep their children—sick or well—within the confines of their own premises. The county health officials have made a similar order. To these regulations have been added the closing of the

There are three cases of pneumonia reported—one of these is very critical. Today the health officials of the city and county received instructions with respect to the wearing of "flu masks." The state board of health directs that nurses, doctors and the members of the families where the malady exists

The first public use of masks was noted here today when the barbers in the Gomes shop appeared at their chairs this morning wearing the safeguards made of cheese-cloth. A. P. Gomes, proprietor of the shop, is a member of the city board of health.

BE PROTECTED

Plummer, and a group that does not attend the council of defense Saturday afternoon of this week to go into the matter still further. The conference today developed the fact that there is better care being taken of the foodstuffs than was at first believed.

TRENTON, N. J., Oct. 22.—Cure of insanity by extracting diseased teeth, removing infected tonsils and clearing the gastro-intestinal tract was announced here today by Dr. Henry A. Cotton, medical director of the New Jersey State Hospital. In a report to the state department of charities and

Stiff joints

Stiff Joints
Sore Muscles

LIMBER UP QUICKLY UNDER THE SOOTHING
PENETRATING APPLICATION OF
HAMLIN'S WIZARD OIL

Ailments of this nature can be effectively treated with Hamline Wizard Oil. In cases of rheumatism and lame back it penetrates quickly, drives out the soreness and limbers up stiff, aching joints and muscles.

Wizard Oil is a good, dependable preparation to keep in the medi-

Get a bottle from your druggist for 25c and use the medicine. If

If you are troubled with constipation or sick headache try Hamlin's Wizard Liver Whips. Just pleasant little pink pills at druggists for 25c. Guaranteed.

Dandruff Surely Destroys The Hair

Girls—if you want plenty of thick beautiful, glossy, silky hair, do by all means get rid of dandruff, for it will destroy your hair and ruin it if you

It doesn't do much good to, try to brush or wash it out. The only sure way to get rid of dandruff is to dissolve it, then you destroy it entirely. To do this, get about four ounces of ordinary liquid arvon; apply it at night when retiring; use enough to moisten the scalp and rub it in gently with the

By morning, most if not all, of your dandruff will be gone, and three or four more applications will completely dissolve and entirely destroy every single sign and trace of it. You will find, too, that all itching and digging of the scalp will stop, and your hair will look and feel a hundred times better. You can get liquid arvo-

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BELLARS
FOR
INDIGESTION
25 ALL DRUGGISTS

6 BELLARS
Hot water
Sure Relief

BELLANS

FOR INDIGESTION

A Scrap Book for the Busy Woman

A Red Nose in Winter-Time Is Not a Necessary Evil By Any Means

Local Treatment
Helps in Mild
Cases



An Electric Vi-
brator Induces
Circulation



FROM the number of red noses one encounters on a cold winter's day I am drawn to the conclusion that this is more than an exceptional calamity, especially in winter time.

The nose is one of the most responsive signals which the body has to register ill health. If your nose reddens with the cold you can be absolutely sure that there is trouble somewhere. It may not be serious; maybe, but not so often, it may be in the nose itself, sensitive tissues which cold affects very quickly. Catarrhal troubles will often result in a red nose, also that slight stuffy cold condition with which so many people are afflicted in winter time. A severe cold in the head means a red nose often because it has to be blown so much and becomes sensitive therefrom.

Use a small rubber cup attachment for the nose, and with medium current move it slowly from the bridge of the nose to the nostril on each side.

Poor circulation in any other part of the body will often affect the nose. People with cold feet invariably have red noses. Wear large enough shoes and stockings which absorb perspiration, and keep the feet always as warm as possible. Hot water bags at night will relieve cold feet on going to bed. Cold baths in the morning on arising—if you can stand them will improve the circulation wonderfully. A cold bath for the feet followed by a rub with a rough towel will warm them up quicker than anything else. Avoid tight lacing if you would have your circulation normal. Some women say, "I don't lace my corset tight, but it seems to tighten up after I have had it on a while." To prevent this, try stooping over just before you tie the laces after you have pulled them up evenly to fasten. This stoop will loosen the corset just enough to give it the expansion necessary during an active day. Avoid all tight gloves if you would keep the nose from glowing. A veil over a small hat sometimes tends to irritate the nose, or a hat which sets too tightly on the head will prevent the proper circulation and show this condition in a reddened nose.

There are, however, two big causes for the winter or any other season's red nose, and they are: poor circulation or stomach trouble—indigestion, constipation, biliousness, etc.—and the only cure for a red nose in any of these cases is to remove the cause. Local treatments can be only temporary in their effects, but often do relieve the trouble for a short time. If irritation inside the nose seems to be the trouble, try a douche of boracic acid or soap the nose with the following formula:

Lotion for red nose: Powdered calamine, 1 dram; zinc oxide, 5 grains; glycerin, 1/2 dram; cherry laurel water, 4 ounces. This lotion should be well shaken before it is mopped on the nose. It may be used both morning and evening.

Never try to cover up a red nose with powder; you will only succeed in irritating it the more. If powder must be used to make it less unsightly for special occasions, remove the powder as soon as possible with a cream or very hot water.

Where poor circulation seems to be the trouble, an electric vibrator will be found a great help. One of these instruments is a very valuable addition to any household for massage purposes.

And now for the most general cause of this disgusting trouble—indigestion and its attendant stomach ills. Rich, greasy foods, which result in poor complexion for some people, will "go to the nose" in others. Look to your diet. Exercise in the open. Keep the bowels regular. A cup of hot water in the morning is a cheap medicine, but a most effective dose. Plenty of water-drinking between meals will also tend to keep the intestinal tract clear. Rough food, plenty of it, and a regularity of habit will do much to break up the constipation habit, for habit it most certainly is in many cases.

In treating the red nose it must be remembered that anything worth while is worth working for, and that it takes perseverance to accomplish anything—even to prevent the nose from reddening the minute Jack Frost gets busy. No, the winter red nose is not a necessity; on the other hand, it is an indication of some trouble which the sooner cured the better one's whole outlook on life will be.

BEWARE OF THE SCOWL

YOU can not get over the shock you had today when your dearest little daughter turned on you defiantly and glared at you when you suggested she do a certain thing distasteful to her.

You met the situation by glaring back, didn't you?—and perhaps threatened to whip her if she were not more obedient. Ever since then you have been wondering where she got that wicked expression in her eyes.

As you thought about it your face took on the same look, and you have just realized that that is the way you often look at her when she disobeys you.

You have nagged her for days trying to correct a trivial but disagreeable failing.

You never thought of how you have looked to her as you fussed and fumed and raved and ranted at each recurrence of her disobedience.

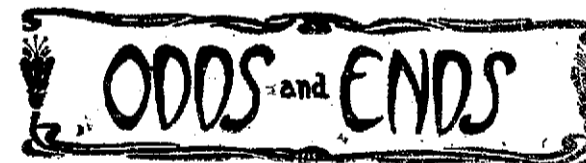
Have you ever controlled yourself when you talked to the child on the subject?

Never let your face take on an expression that you would be ashamed to see reflected in your daughter.

Children are imitators. Control yourself.



Keep the Feet Warm
Even at Night



WHEN ironing embroidered linen the majority of persons press directly on the back of the linen. This is a great mistake, as the iron may catch a thread of the embroidery and cut the stitches. Always place a thin piece of muslin over the wrong side, as well as over the towel padding, so the iron does not come in contact with any of the threads.

right; pin to keep fold sharp and even, cut through the fold measure the width of strip required and mark at a distance of a few inches with chalk, then cut with a pair of sharp scissors to line. It will be wise to mark width needed on a piece of cardboard and measure with this—then the width is sure to be the same throughout.

MY income would dwindle to a half if women kept their feet warm," said a famous physician. "And it may be added that a woman's chances of being a comfortable soul and a jolly person to have around would be improved by three halves if she would wear the right kind of shoes, care for them and her feet properly and try to have everybody else do the same.

WHEN your health is concerned, it is better to expend more money on having sewing done, even if this makes necessary taking a more active part in the housework. The woman who wishes to be healthy will choose housework whenever she can, in preference to sedentary, unhealthy sewing. At least she will make sure of some active exercise before settling down to hours of sewing.

A YOUNG bride in a small flat had a small kitchen and found entertaining difficult on account of lack of places to put the soiled dishes as they came out after each course. So the bride purchased a small cutting table and sawed the legs off to permit its going under the kitchen table with ease. She also bought a kitchen chair and sawed the back off, so that this could be slipped underneath both tables. Thus dishes could be placed on the cutting table and slid in under the kitchen table until needed, and the chair could be placed in and out as desired. This is much more satisfactory than the drop leaf tables that they now use, as the drop leaf tables are not as steady and a good many accidents have happened on them.

YOU can cut crosswise strips so that they will measure the same width throughout, by seeing that the cut edge of the material is quite even and in the case of double width material open it to its full width and place it flat on a table without a cloth. Take the cut edge and lay it evenly along the right hand selvage in a straight line, across the material, and a diagonal fold running from left to

If Indigestion is the Cause, Drink
Hot Water Every Morning



Avoid Tight
Lacing When
Adjusting
Corset

ETIQUETTE OF CALLING

BY EDNA EGAN.

OFTEN you have heard women remark on occasions when they are asked whether or not they have called upon some new arrival in the community. "Oh, I'd just love to call on her! But, my dear, I've heard that she is so terribly formal and stands on ceremony that I don't dare call for fear I will commit some frightful faux pas." And yet the etiquette of calling is not nearly so complicated as it is popularly conceived.

Formal calling, except in the most conventional society and diplomatic circles, is rather going out of vogue. It is largely being displaced by the charming custom adopted by so many hostesses of serving informal afternoon tea to callers. This has dispensed with a great deal of the purely formal technical points which have heretofore been considered essential to the etiquette of calling, and has made the time-honored institution a much more friendly affair.

Purely formal calls are usually paid between three and half past five in the afternoon; it is a matter of judgment on the part of the caller as to exactly what time she shall spend with her hostess. It is a safe rule to follow, however, not to spend more than half an hour. Indeed, it is not always necessary to tarry any length of time at all, or even to alight from one's motor or carriage. Cards may simply be sent in by footman or maid.

Calling in small towns or suburban communities is much more a matter of real friendship-forming pleasure than the conventional custom of large cities. A new arrival is called upon not so much out of conventional courtesy, but from a real desire to make her acquaintance. In the case of a bride or a newcomer, the calls paid them by their neighbors are usually returned immediately, or within the expiration of a fortnight at the latest.

In the case of a matron who has moved into a new neighborhood, it is proper that the residents and neighbors call on her to extend their welcome and the various courtesies current among neighbors. Some people are deplorably lax in this same particular. While they call on new arrivals eventually, the tar-

diness with which their courtesy is extended deprives it of half its spontaneity and good will. The woman who recognizes the virtue which lies in "doing it now" in the social sense, is the one who may feel the complete satisfaction of having done herself justice in the payment of her social obligations. A call that is well-timed and appropriate in its nature is always appreciated by the recipient, and regarded as an act of spontaneous good-will and friendship. But one that is made long after the expiration of the customary number of days is open to the suspicion of having been made a matter of social necessity.

The matter of leaving cards is one of the purely technical points of calling etiquette, and one which varies widely in different communities and under different circumstances. For the first year after her marriage, a bride may use cards engraved "Mr. and Mrs. S." for during that time she is still supposed to be paying off obligations incurred in both their names. A matron leaves two of her husband's cards and one of her own with her hostess, unless there is an unmarried daughter in the house who bears part of the burden of entertaining, when she substitutes two of her own and one of her husband's. During the first year following her bereavement, a woman in mourning does not use any cards at all, as she may receive but not return calls. After the expiration of the year, cards with a black border of any desired width are used during the conventional period of mourning, usually an additional year.

A young girl, even though she may still be in school, must have her cards engraved with "Miss" followed by her name. On the other hand, a young unmarried man, unless he has some professional title, has simply his full name engraved on his calling cards.

YOU can preserve apples for twelve months if you are sure that they are hard and sound and wipe them tightly in a dry cloth. Pack them loosely between thick layers of bran to prevent them from touching. Keep in a cool place and wrap in a linen bag during the winter to prevent freezing.

MEATS How To Tell When They Are Fresh

BY MRS. McCUNE.

OX-BEEF when it is fresh will have a fine open grain, and a good red color; the fat should be white, for when it is of a deep yellow color, the meat is seldom very good. The grain of cow beef is closer, the fat whiter, and the lean not as red as that of ox beef. When you see beef of which the fat is hard and skinny, and the lean of a deep red, you may be sure that it is of an inferior kind; and when the meat is old, you may know it by a line of horny tissue running through the meat of the ribs.

Mutton must be chosen by the firmness and fineness of the grain, its good color, and firm white fat. It is not considered prime until the sheep is about five years old.

Lamb will not keep long after it is killed. It can be discovered by the neck being in the forequarter if it has been killed too long, the veins in the neck being bluish when the meat is fresh, but green when it is stale. In the hind-quarter, the same discovery may be made by examining the kidney and the knuckle, for the former has a slight smell, and the knuckle is not firm when the meat has been killed too long.

Pork should have a thin rind; and when it is fresh the meat is smooth and cool; but when it looks flabby, and is clammy to the touch, it is not good; and pork, above all meat, is disagreeable when it is stale. If you perceive many enlarged glands, or, as they are usually termed, kernels, in the fat of the pork, you may conclude that the pork can not be wholesome.

Veal is generally preferred of a delicate whiteness, but it is more juicy and well-flavored when of a deeper color. Butchers bleed calves profusely in order to produce this white meat; but this practice must certainly deprive the meat of some of its nourishment and flavor. When you choose veal, endeavor to look at the loin, which affords the best means of judging of the veal generally, for if the kidney, which may be found on the under side of one end of the loin, be deeply enveloped in white and firm-looking fat, the meat will certainly be good; and the same appearance will enable you to judge if it has been recently killed. The kidney is the part which changes first, and then the suet around it becomes soft and the meat flabby and spotted.

Bacon, like pork, should have a thin rind; the fat should be firm, and inclined to a reddish color; and the lean should firmly adhere to the bone, and have no yellow streaks in it. When you are purchasing a ham, have a knife stuck into it to the bone, which, if the ham be well cured, may be drawn out without having any of the meat adhering to it, and without your perceiving any disagreeable smell. A short ham is considered the best.

With regard to venison, which, as it is not an everyday article of diet, it may be convenient to keep for some time after it has begun to get high or tainted, it is useful to know that animal putrefaction is checked by fresh burnt charcoal; by means of which, therefore, the venison may be prevented from getting worse, although it can not be restored to its original freshness. The meat should be placed in a hollow dish, and the charcoal powder scattered over it until it covers the joint to a thickness of half an inch.

Hares and rabbits, when the ears are dry and tough, the haunch thick, and the claws blunt and rugged, are old. Smooth and sharp claws, ears that readily tear, and a narrow cleft in the lip, are the marks of a young hare. Hares may be kept for some time after they have been killed; indeed many people think they are not fit for the table until the inside begins to turn a little. Care, however, should be taken to prevent the inside from becoming musty, which would spoil the flavor of the stuffing.

Partridges have yellow legs and a dark-colored bill when young.

CARPENTRY

SO far there are not many women carpenters in America, but there are some. With the new conditions we are facing, there are likely to be more.

In England hundreds and hundreds of young women have volunteered to do carpenter work at the front. They are employed in putting up army huts. These huts are set up out of machine-made parts, but there has to be a thorough knowledge of carpentering used in putting them up. The girls who do the work get six weeks of instruction in England under a boss carpenter. Once at the front, each girl devotes herself to a particular part of the work, whether it be planing, joining, making cleats, hammering together the parts. The work goes thus from one to the other with the least loss of time and efficiency.

It is possible that we women in America will have our own call to turn to carpentering. War work does not only mean nursing these days. It means help in a hundred different directions. If you would rather be a carpenter than a stenographer you will probably get the chance.

G RATE fresh carrots and apply to inflamed eyes. Fasten with a bandage. When dry renew. Always bathe the eyes in the morning and continue the process. Badly inflamed eyes have been cured in two days.

F OR membranous croup take equal parts of loaf sugar and alum, pulverize, mix together. Give an infant what you can take up on the point of a needle, dry, on the tongue once an hour. Usually the second or third dose will conquer the disease.

F OLLOWING each meal there should be another thorough airing of the dining room and kitchen. No matter how perfect the system of ventilation, it is impossible to prevent cooking odors. This airing is doubly necessary should there be smokers in the family.

Sweater Without Fastenings



NO, it hasn't buttons, or snappers, or hooks, or frogs, or anything. So it develops upon a generous sash to keep this sweater in its place. Aside from that, though, it is a very charming bit of a garment, being of fluff yellow and brown wool. The brown makes the cuffs, pocket trimming and that unusual collar. The collar is really the most striking thing about this sweater. Note its modish roll all the way from the shoulder to the hem. In back it is quite round and flat, much on the order of a Peter Pan.

[illegible]

GAUZE MASKS ORDERED WORN BY ALL WHO SERVE THE PUBLIC

Health Board Acts As The Epidemic Assumes Serious Proportions. Toomey and Mathewson Decide on Drastic Measures. Police To Enforce Isolation. 271 New Cases

The increasingly rapid spread of Spanish influenza in Fresno, the growing number of cases developing into pneumonia and the fear of an increasing mortality resulted last night in the adoption of drastic measures to hold the epidemic in check.

New cases yesterday totaled 271 as against 215 on Monday.

Eight serious cases of pneumonia were reported and three deaths.

The total number of cases in Fresno exceeds 700. Eleven have died in the city since the epidemic was recognized here.

Immediately following the completion of the day's report Dr. C. Mathewson, city health officer, and Mayor W. F. Toomey held a conference at which it was decided to take immediate steps to get control of the situation. Mayor Toomey said that unless stringent measures were taken at once we would have 5,000 cases in Fresno before the end of another week.

As a first step toward checking the epidemic, every man, woman and child

who "waits on the public" or who is engaged in any place where many are employed or comes in daily contact with the public down town was ordered to don a gauze influenza mask today and continue wearing it until further orders by the board of health.

Because it will be impossible for the Red Cross or any other agency to supply a sufficient number of masks to meet the needs of the entire community this morning, every person was instructed to make his or her own mask or have it made. The masks must cover both mouth and nose and must be made of from 4 to 6 thicknesses of sterile gauze or cheese cloth.

By boiling the mask each night and re-sterilizing it, it may be used day after day, but unless boiled it is useless.

All Must Wear Masks.
Among those ordered to wear the masks are all clerks who wait on the public; all employees at packing houses and all other industrial plants; all em-

RUMANIANS FORM LEGION TO FIGHT AGAINST AUSTRIA

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—Information was received by the Rumanian legation that Transylvania Rumanians captured by the Italians while in the Austrian army have organized a Rumanian legion and now are fighting with the Italian army against the ancient enemy. The legion numbers 18,000, and was organized under the supervision of the Rumanian national committee of Paris.

Members of large establishments where many congregated: all hotel employees including bell-boys, chamber maids and waitresses; all barbers, street car conductors, elevator boys, policemen, bartenders are classified as clerks and so are all employees of restaurants, ice cream parlors and the like.

"My desire is not to discriminate," declared Dr. Mathewson. "It would be best if everyone would wear a mask. And those who are ordered to wear them must feel that they are not only protecting those with whom they come in contact, but are protecting themselves as well."

The order to wear masks should be a sufficient warning as to the danger of the spread of the epidemic to make everyone use every possible care," said Mayor Toomey. "Fruit must be packed and business must go on. The masks if worn by everybody will check the epidemic. There is only one alternative—close every thing up."

Other orders issued by Dr. Mathewson affected those in the first stages of the malady and those who have been in the same room with sufferers or have been caring for them.

To enforce these orders the police power of the city will be used.

Isolate All Patients.
"All influenza patients must be isolated," declared Dr. Mathewson. "Isolation is a state law and it will be rigidly enforced in Fresno from this moment on without favor."

Violators of the isolation law may and will be punished just as those are punished who break quarantine. And in enforcing this law I want every citizen of Fresno to help me. I want every citizen who knows of any person affected with influenza who is going about among the public and deliberately exposing others to at once notify the police. And if anyone has been with a patient—a friend calling on the patient or one who is caring for the patient—leaves the patient without making a complete change of clothes and washing their hands carefully, that person should at once be reported to the police. Be sure you are right before you call the police, however, as they will be too busy looking after real violators to answer calls that are questionable.

"As soon as anyone begins sneezing he should at once go home or be sent home. While there is some danger in the disease being carried by those who have been closely associated with the affected, the greatest danger is where the first symptoms appear after contact with a sufferer—develop in the form of a sneeze, a cough, or what seems to be the beginning of a cold."

"All persons must stay away from influenza victims in the same house or else remain isolated in the home. By this I mean if one member of a family is affected, the other members have no right to go to and fro from the sick room and then go down town without using all the precautions that a nurse would use, which means a complete change of clothing—and a thorough washing. If you have been exposed to an influenza sufferer you have no right whatever to consider yourself free to come and go. And any citizen who knows absolutely that other persons are making a practice of this, it is their duty as citizens of this community to report the same to the police."

Go Home—Send for a Doctor
Dr. Mathewson urged "all persons who feel they have the symptoms of influenza to stay away from doctors' offices, but to go home at once and send for a doctor."

"The reason for this is that many have to wait for a long time in a doctor's office before seeing him. Others may be waiting there who are not suffering from influenza. But if they are ill they are in a more weakened condition and consequently more likely to become victims of the germ. If you feel any symptoms go home and send for your doctor. In this way you will also allow the doctor more time to go the rounds of his patients."

Dr. Mathewson said there are now twelve beds read at the newly equipped orphanage for pay patients. One patient is now there. The indigents will be cared for at the county hospital proper.

Situation is Serious
"The situation is so serious," continued Dr. Mathewson, "as to demand that all nurses be relieved as quickly as possible. By this I mean that no nurse can be kept a moment longer than she is absolutely needed. Others need her services."

Mayor Toomey took a hand in dealing with the influenza epidemic last night. He declared the condition is so serious that masks must be worn by everybody with the beginning of the business day today.

"You are not only protecting others, but you are protecting yourself by wearing a mask," declared Mayor Toomey. "Buy one as soon as you can this morning. I decided we could not wait for the Red Cross or any other agency to manufacture the masks. So I urge every man, woman and child to make his or her own mask this morning."

YOUTH STRUCK ON HEAD BY CAR
While arranging a cot at the rear end of a truck, Robert Cummings of Porterville was struck on the head by the fender of an approaching auto, causing a severe scalp wound near the street crossing of the Southern Pacific tracks early last night. He was standing on the ground adjusting the baggage, when hit.

The auto was driven by E. F. Kennedy of Bowles, who claims he did not see Cummings at the time. The latter, who is in the early twenties, was returning from Los Angeles in company with J. E. McInland, also of Porterville. The injured man was cared for at the emergency hospital.

McDONOUGH FUNERAL TODAY
Thomas McDonough, 63 years old, died Monday at the residence, 3440 Kerckhoff avenue. Surviving are the mother, Mrs. Margaret McDonough, and four sisters, Mrs. Roy Hall, Mrs. W. P. Thomas, Mrs. J. T. Turner and Mrs. Irwin Phelps, all of San Francisco. He was a native of Kentucky. The funeral cortege will leave Stephens & Bean's chapel at 10 o'clock today and proceed to Calvary cemetery, where services will be held.

MICHEL LAGUARDIE DIES
Michel Laguardie, a laborer, died at 1141 G street yesterday. Beyond that he had been employed by the Toomey Fruit Company, but little was known of him. Death was due to acute dilation of the heart.

LOTTERY DEALER ARRESTED
Hi Loy was arrested yesterday for conducting a lottery game. He was caught by Patrolman Kelly who while in plain clothes, purchased a small ticket.

A Real Suit Sale



We have Purchased the Entire Surplus Stock of a New York Suit Manufacturer at About One-Half Its Value

A Real Suit Sale

200---Women's Suits---200 At About One-Half Their Real Value

—Serges—Velours—Silvertones—Tricotines—Poplins—Broadcloths.

30 Suits at \$18.95

50 Suits at \$24.95

35 Suits at \$29.95

45 Suits at \$34.95

40 Suits at \$39.95

—The regular value of these suits ranges from one-third to one-half higher than sale price.

—Our great October Apparel Sale continues with bargains galore in coats—dresses—skirts.

200 SUITS IN FIVE LOTS

\$18.95, \$24.95, \$29.95, \$34.95, \$39.95

Save Our Soldiers From German Gas By Saving Peach Stones
—Peach stones produce carbon and carbon is an essential requisite in a gas mask. This carbon destroys the deadly effect of the poisonous gases.
—SAVE A LIFE OF A SON OF AMERICA BY SAVING PEACH STONES.
—Bring them to the Liberty Peach Stone Barrel at our Eye Street Store entrance.



The New Fashion Park Suits Are Here

REMEMBER, it is the desire of this store to serve you to perfection. When you purchase here you get dollar for dollar value, and when you just look and don't purchase you get courtesy in its best and fullest degree.

To more firmly establish the fact that we serve all men well, we today present a picture of a sound substantial FASHION PARK design that will embody every refinement a custom tailor could give it, and still be had, at once, without the annoyance of try-ons.

\$25.00 to \$35.00.

Trimmed Hats \$5.95 to \$9.95

Beautiful large Black Velvet Hats with colored facing. Modish small hats mounted by a feather fancy, or with a soft-hued flower tucked in its folds. Also tam effects, angle hats odd-shaped rolled and turned-up brims—great variety. Trimmed with ribbons, wings, ornaments, leather novelties.

—Our Slogan—Hats of high style without the high price.

Blanket Comfortables

Blanket Comfortables are woven in such pretty colors and patterns, they add beauty to the home, and they are warm and washable.

—Beacon Comfortables are the best we know and come in several qualities.

—There are pretty ones at \$6.00—72x90 in. size; thick, felted as all Beacon Blankets are.

—For porch use there is a warm shade of tan with a brown border. Very thick but not heavy—\$8.50.

—A beautiful Comfortable, silk bound, in rose and blue—Beacon's finest. 72x90—at \$10.00.

—Beacon Bath Robe Blankets, in new patterns—large sizes—with cords to match—\$5.00.

—And Indian Rugs in wonderful colors, and clever designs that can be found in no other line—\$6.50.

Among the New Corset Models Are---

No. 566. Royal Worcester Corset for the stout figure with medium bust line; non-rustable boning, \$1.00.
No. 583. Bon Ton Corset, designed for the stout figure; made of pink brocade. The long skirt confines the hips, giving the figure a distinctive appearance. \$1.50.
No. 1009. Bon Ton Corset for the average figure; front lace, free hip lines; heavily boned in coutil. \$1.50.

Kutner's
The House That Saves You Money
100-10 MARIPOSA ST.
100-23 EYE ST.

Notes Around the Store



—An extra heavy thread silk hose with a fine rib top, \$1.25 each.

—Exclusive agents for Vanity Fair knit underwear; vests, pants, bloomers, union suits, bedgowns, priced at a little price, but as good as the best.

—Wool knit socks and caps for infants, children and women, priced from 25c to \$2.50 each. Colors to match sweaters.

—Women's kid gloves for men, women and children, made of the best French kid, \$2.00 a pair and up.

—Plenty of lambs' wool in all high colors, suited for sweaters, caps, shawls, etc., 75c a ball.

—FROM OUR FANCY GOODS DEPARTMENT

—Hand embroidered pure linen handkerchiefs, worth \$1.00 for 65c each.

—A new line of satin striped silk hair ribbons; all colors, widths from 4 1/2 to 6 inches wide, priced at 35c a yard.

—Bonnet B slip-on veils; just slip it on veil in black, white and brown, 10c each.

—Pacific embroidery Co. Art Packages; new designs in muslin wear, art pieces and neckwear.

Department Heads

In the business houses—men of ability and responsibility with a promising future—these are men whom the officers of this institution especially desire to know and to number among the patrons of its checking or savings department.

Bank and Trust Company of Central Calif.
Fresno, Calif.
Commercial—Savings—Trust

For the Boy Over There

A compass to a soldier is a protection and a necessity. No Man's Land is barren, shell torn, bewildering and darkness may hide the opposing trenches. Should your boy possess a "See-by-night" luminous compass, directions are easily determined.

Packages mailed now will reach the boys in the trenches in time for Christmas.

Remember, such a Christmas present may save a life. Send one today.

Write to: J. M. Crawford & Co. Fresno OPTOMETRISTS



Small Pill Small Dose Small Price

FOR CONSTIPATION

have stood the test of time. Purely vegetable. Wonderfully quick to banish biliousness, headache, indigestion and to clear up a bad complexion.

Get the best signature

PALE FACES

Generally indicate a lack of iron in the blood

Carter's Iron Pills

Will help this condition

Mariposa St. Grocery Specials for Today

—Sugar cured Picnic Hams, 28c per lb.
—Special all this week, 1 cake Creme Oil Soap free with one 30c pkg. Sea Foam Washing Powder.
—2 1/2 lb. cans Calumet Baking Powder, 50c can.
—Large size bottles Primrose Salad Oil, 55c bottle.
—Uneda Biscuits, 3 pkgs. 25c.
—Yuba brand ripe Olives; regular price 20c, special 15c can.

CROCKERY Dept. Specials

—\$4.10 each Rayo Lamp with round burner and white shade, \$3.95 each.
—Quart can O Cedar Oil \$1.00 each.
—O Cedar Mops 75c ea.
—Edison Mazda globes, 10 25, 40 watt, 35c each.
—60 watt 40c each.
—100 watt 85c each.
Crockery Dept.

Self-Help Grocery Specials for Today

Why Pay More?
—Matches, Saginaw Blue Tip, 5c box.
—Phoenix Self Raising Pan Cake Flour, 29c lb.
—Reliable Gloss Starch, 10c pkg.
—J. H. N. Seeded Raisins (new stock), 12c pkg.
—Carnation (Mush) Rolled Oats, 3 lb. 7 oz. 35c pkg.
—Another lot of Fire Stock Goods, just in from the warehouse at a very low price. Come and look them over.

POSTPONE OLEANDER R. C. MEETING

There will be no Red Cross meeting at Oleander tonight. There is no known influenza in Oleander, but public meetings are suspended as a precautionary measure. Red Cross business may be transacted with Chairman Nicholson by phone.

SERVICE HELD IN SAN FRANCISCO

Funeral services for Frank D. Fleming, publicity director for the Bank of Italy, and former Republican Party member, were held at the Halstead Undertaking parlors, San Francisco, yesterday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. Fleming died on Sunday night at the St. Francis hospital, following an attack of Spanish influenza.

YOUNG HOPKINS IN FRANCE

Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Hopkins received word yesterday that their son William left Honolulu, N. H., for France. He is with the medical corps.

DRAFTED MEN

Fresno city and county drafted men to the number of 38 will entrain for Fort Rensselaer, San Diego, tomorrow night at 11:55 o'clock. The men will answer the roll-call at the city auditorium at 1:30 o'clock in the afternoon.

FIVE POLICEMEN ILL

The latest addition to the sick list of the police force are Patrolmen R. O'Brien and R. H. Wise, who were recently stricken with the grip.

AGONY MAN DIES

W. H. McInnis, aged 78, died at a local hospital yesterday of inflammation of the heart. He was a laborer.

WHY PAY MORE?

We defy competition when it comes to workmanship and material. Open Saturday afternoons.



Set of Teeth \$ 2.00 Gold Crowns 22K \$5.00
Gold Plates \$5.00 Bridge Work \$5.00
Painless Extracting \$ 1.00 Silver Fillings \$ 1.00

DR. W. P. WINNING

New Method Dentist

Rooms 2006-7-8 2135 FRESNO ST. Over the Associated Ralston Co.
Lady Attendant. Phone 141. Hours 9 to 5:30. Closed Sundays.